

Theoretical Physics

Theory of Condensed Matter

Gareth Conduit

Physics at Work 2007

Outline

- 1 What is it?
 - Examples
 - Rôle of observations
 - Mathematics
 - Predictions

- 2 Applications in TCM
 - Quantum mechanics
 - TCM
 - Superconductivity

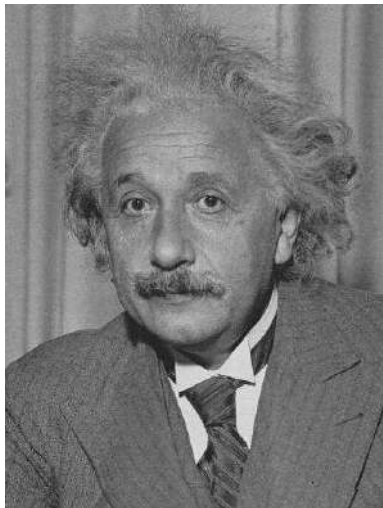
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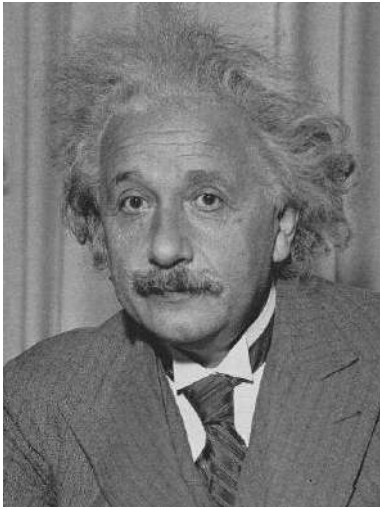
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Can you name any physicists?

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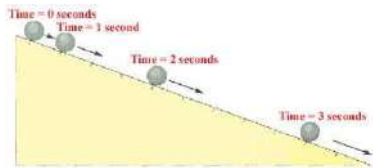


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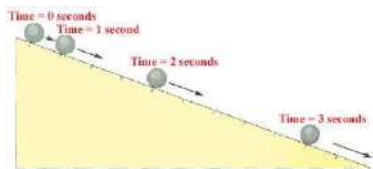
Galileo's experiment



Time/s	Distance/m
1	1
2	4
3	9
4	
5	

- Can you spot the pattern?

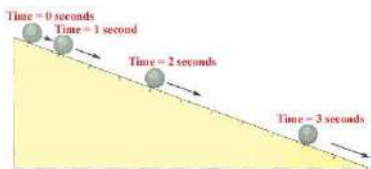
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Time/s	Distance/m
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- Physics is about pattern recognition
 - Experiments give quantitative clues
 - Theory must explain observations
 - Must make new predictions
 - Unify understanding of different phenomena

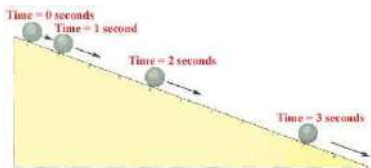
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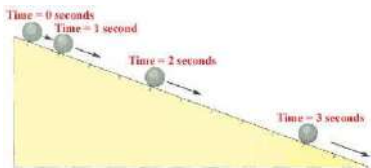
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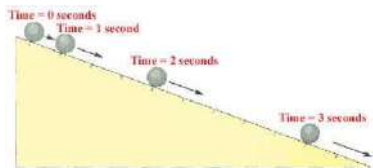
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The unreasonable effectiveness of Mathematics

- Mathematics is the natural language of Nature
- Compact and simple expressions of complicated objects
- In-built logic system — manipulations have well-defined rules

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- Distance dropped = time squared
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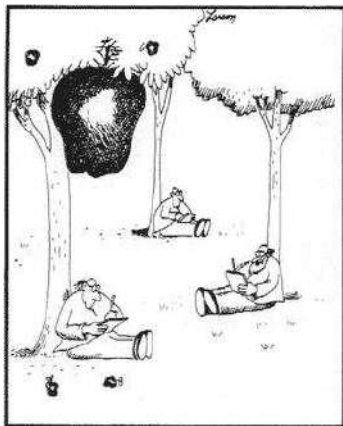
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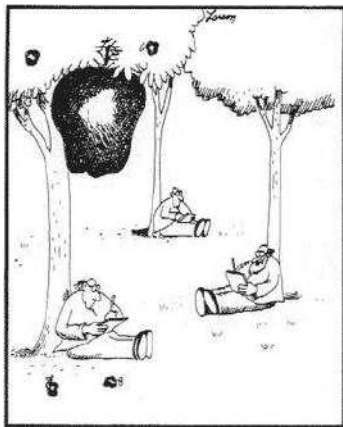
Generalisation and prediction



"Nothing yet ... How about you, Newton?"

- Can we use this for other falling bodies and projectiles? — Yes
- t^2 distance dropped means constant acceleration, g , due to gravity
- In free space, only force is gravity, which acts vertically.
- Horizontal motion is motion at constant speed

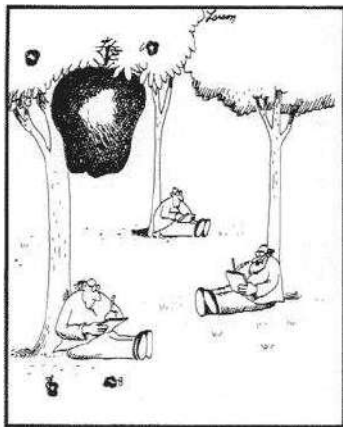
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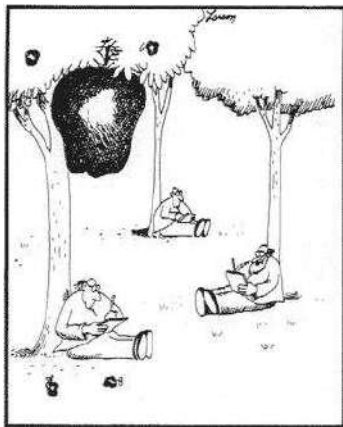
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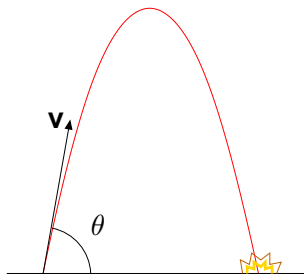


Figure: Path of a projectile

- Vertical motion:
 - $y = v \sin \theta t - \frac{1}{2}gt^2$
 - Horizontal motion:
 - $x = v \cos \theta t$
 - Equation for trajectory is a quadratic

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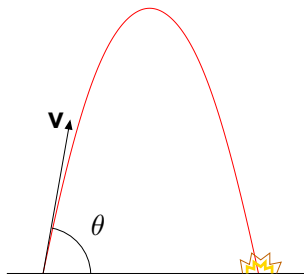


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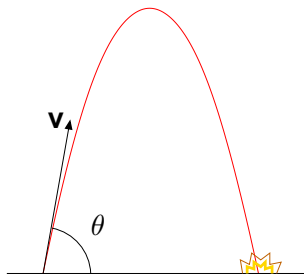


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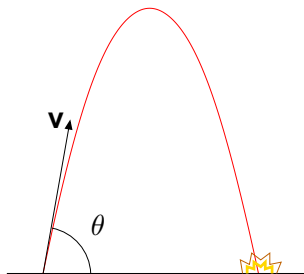


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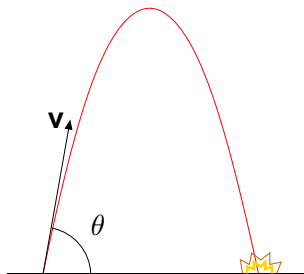


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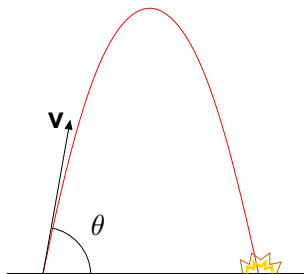


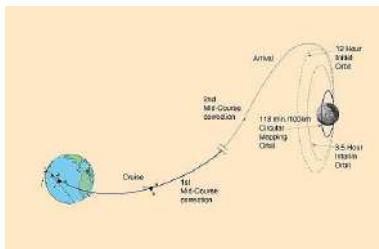
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Getting to the Moon

- Same ideas are enough to allow us to send a rocket to the Moon
- Can calculate precise trajectory for a rocket
- We can use theory when experiments are either difficult, expensive or dangerous (or all three!)
- For example to calculate

the optimal amount of fuel needed for the Moon-landings

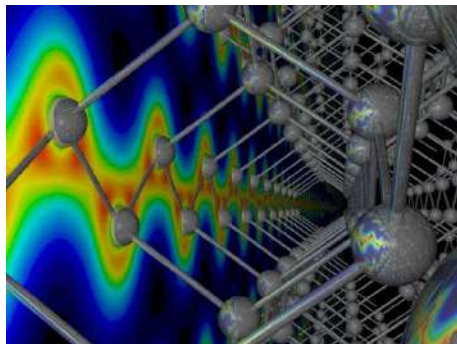


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Quantum mechanics

- Matter consists of many interacting particles
- Quantum mechanics describes the world on an atomic scale
- It can predict the properties of matter
- This includes gases, liquids, solutions, metals, crystals, polymers....



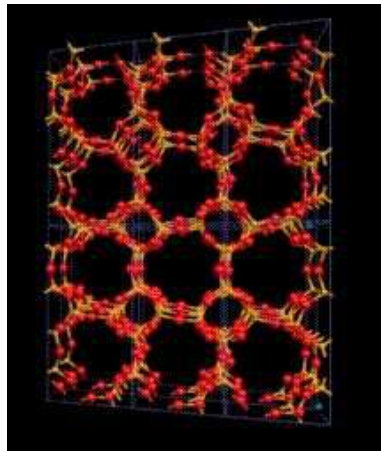
“Inside” diamond

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- Carbon-based semiconductors — flat panel displays
- Aggregated carbon nanorods (ACNR) - a material harder than diamond
- Drug design
- Room temperature superconductors
- Solid state data storage



A zeolite catalyst

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Superconductivity

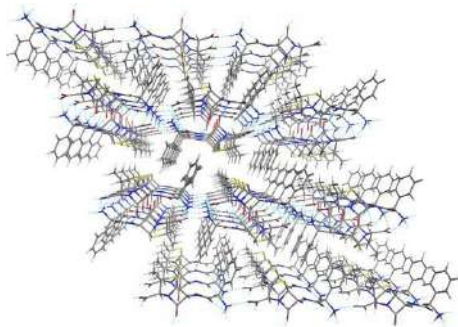
- Some materials lose all electrical resistance at very low temperatures
- Superconductors possess other interesting and counter-intuitive properties
- Superconductivity is purely quantum mechanical effect
- Yet to understand fully high temperature superconductors



*Levitating magnet
(and sumo wrestler)*

Conclusions

- Theoretical science is an important companion to experiments
- Theorists work on a wide range of problems in both universities and industry
- A great many important theoretical problems remain unsolved!



Crystal structure of penicillin