

Machine learning for data-driven design of AM materials and processes

Gareth Conduit

Machine learning to

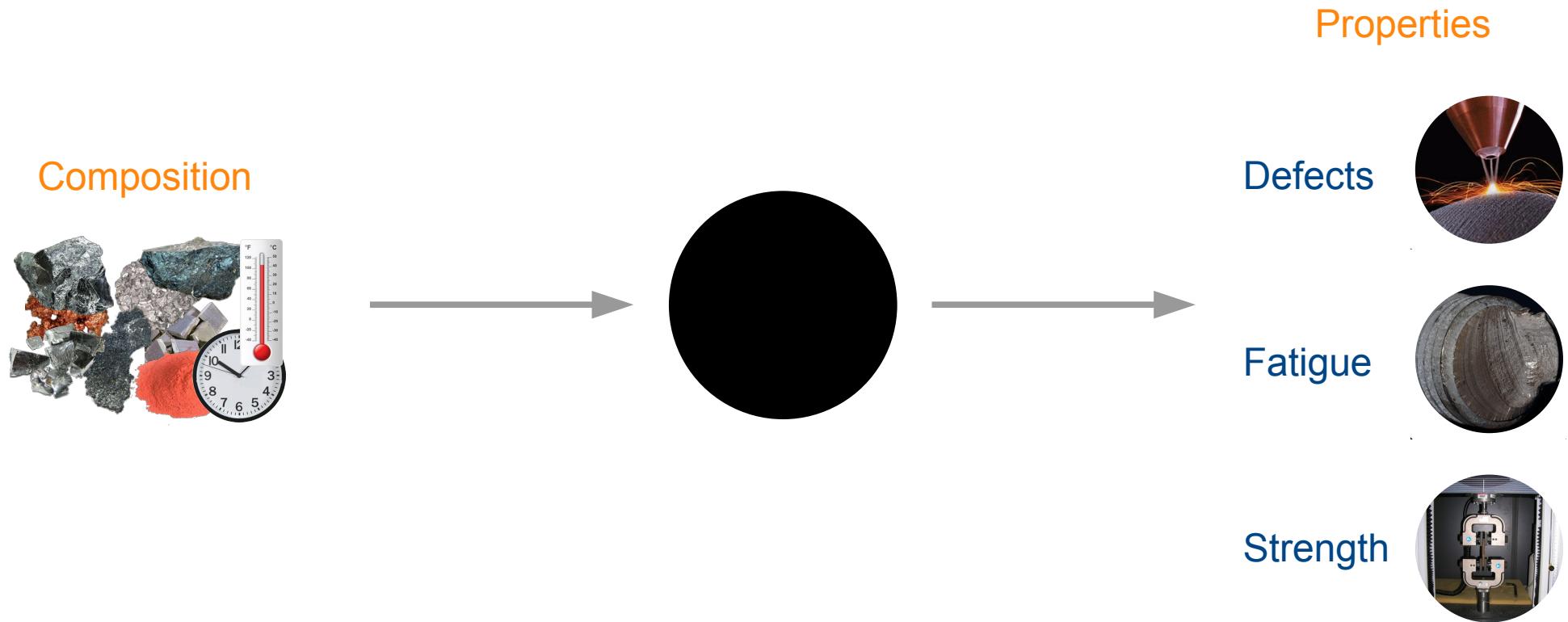
Model datasets where the data is **sparse**

Exploit **property-property** relationships

Merge data, computer simulations, and physical laws

Reduce costly experiments to **accelerate** discovery

Black box machine learning for materials design



Train the machine learning

6 3 6 5 8 4 9 7 0 5 0 8 1 8
7 0 3 8 1 8 4 0 6 4 6 5 0 0
5 0 1 0 6 6 3 7 8 9 0 2 9 0
Composition
7 1 5 2 6 9 0 9 4 6 7 4 4 4
0 1 1 4 0 4 4 9 7 4 9 4 8 0
4 8 8 6 8 5 2 7 6 1 1 0 9 9
2 0 3 3 3 2 7 2 1 9 9 4 9 9
9 7 6 5 7 9 3 4 2 2 4 3 4 1
3 9 4 0 4 6 7 0 3 9 6 0 3 9
5 9 7 6 9 2 8 6 8 1 1 2 3 9
3 7 6 4 1 3 4 3 9 4 8 7 3 4



2 9 3 9 2 8 7 6 4 7 9 0 9 0
Properties
0 2 1 3 6 4 0 1 0 3 6 0 2 0
6 3 6 5 8 4 9 7 0 5 0 8 1 8
7 0 3 8 1 8 4 0 6 4 6 5 0 0
5 0 1 0 6 6 3 7 8 9 0 2 9 0
Defects
7 1 5 2 6 9 0 9 4 6 7 4 4 4
0 1 1 4 0 4 4 9 7 4 9 4 8 0
4 8 8 6 8 5 2 7 6 1 1 0 9 9
2 0 3 3 3 2 7 2 1 9 9 4 9 9
Fatigue
9 7 6 5 7 9 3 4 2 2 4 3 4 1
3 9 4 0 4 6 7 0 3 9 6 0 3 9
5 9 7 6 9 2 8 6 8 1 1 2 3 9
3 7 6 4 1 3 4 3 9 4 8 7 3 4
3 6 6 5 2 4 4 7 2 7 7 3 7 8
Strength
1 4 4 2 9 8 1 0 3 2 6 6 1
8 0 5 5 5 6 0 6 9 5 2 6 6 4
9 8 3 4 4 3 9 9 4 8 8 1 0 9



Machine learning predicts material properties

Composition



Properties

Defects



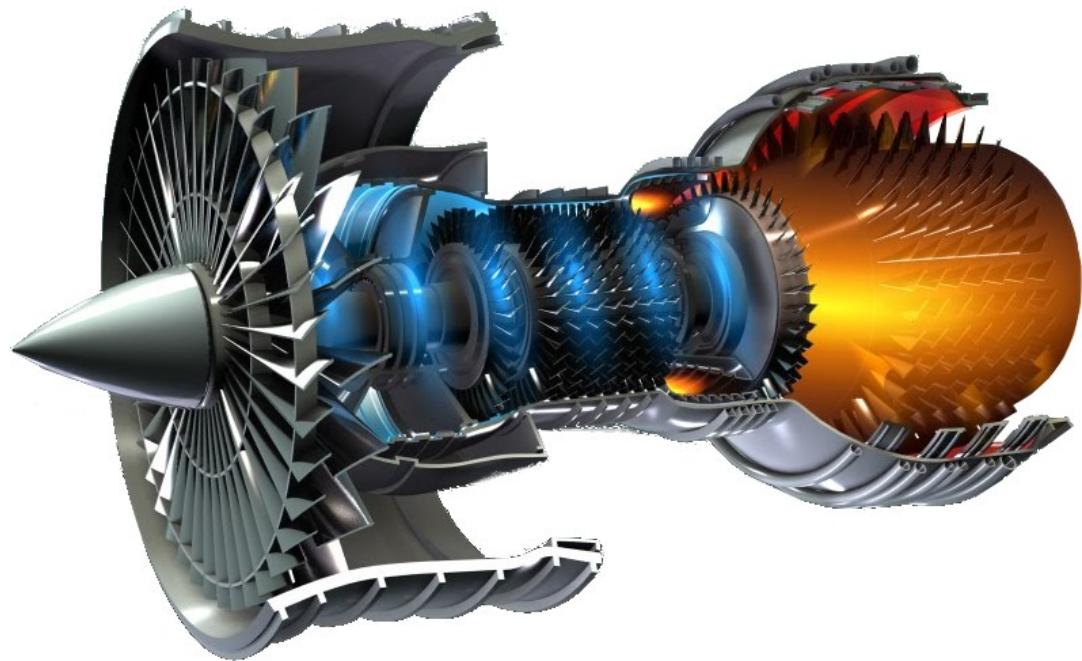
Fatigue



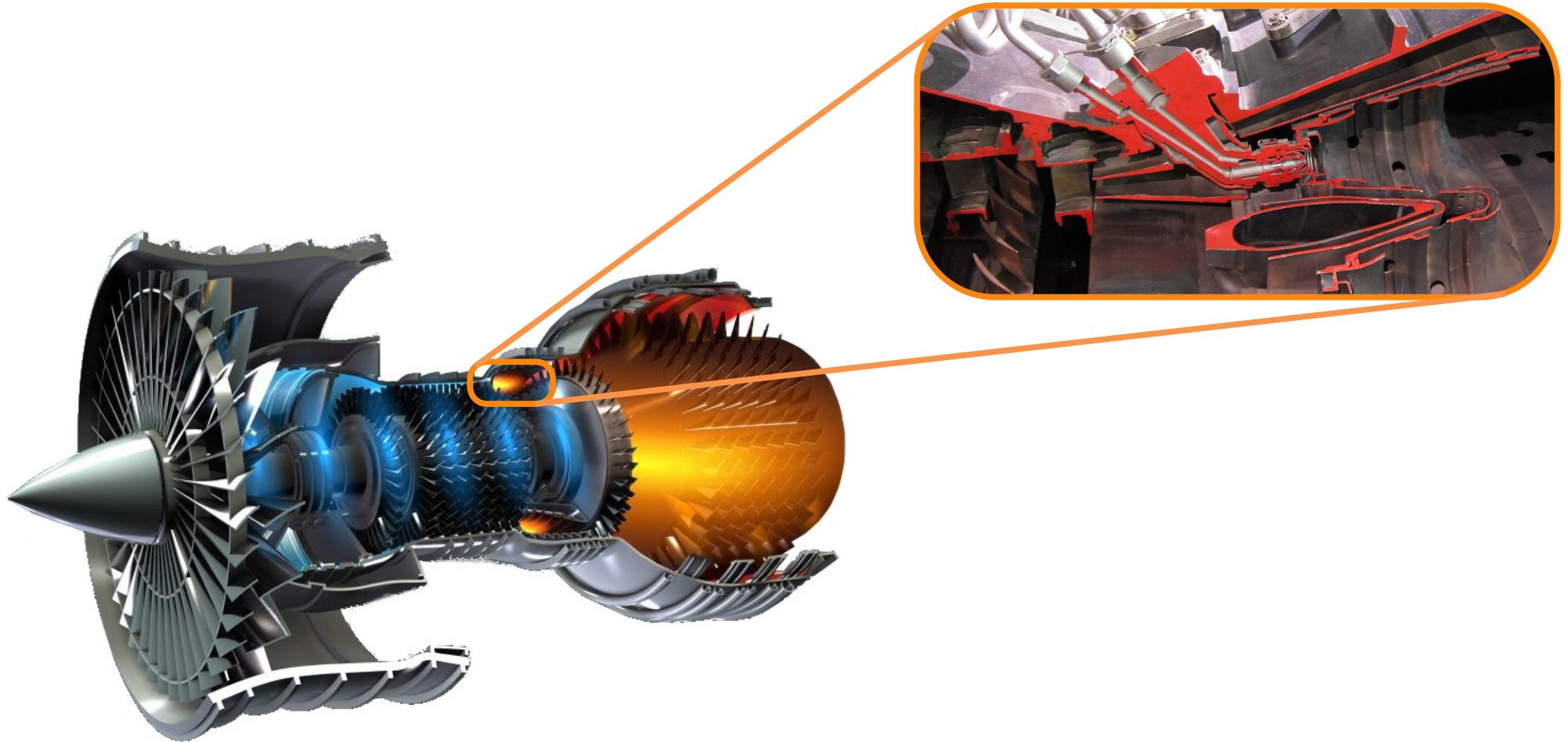
Strength



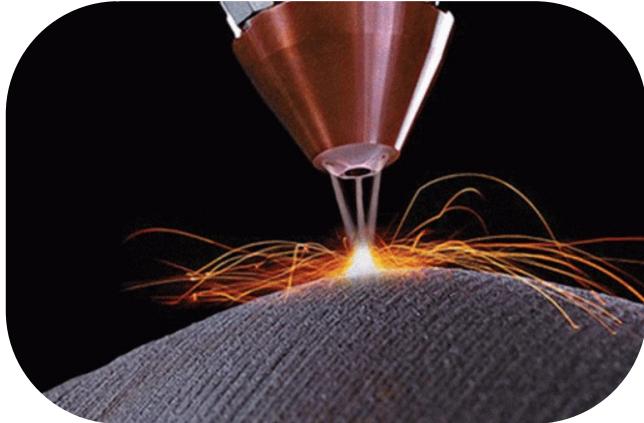
Jet engine schematic



Combustor in a jet engine



Direct laser deposition



Data available to model defect density

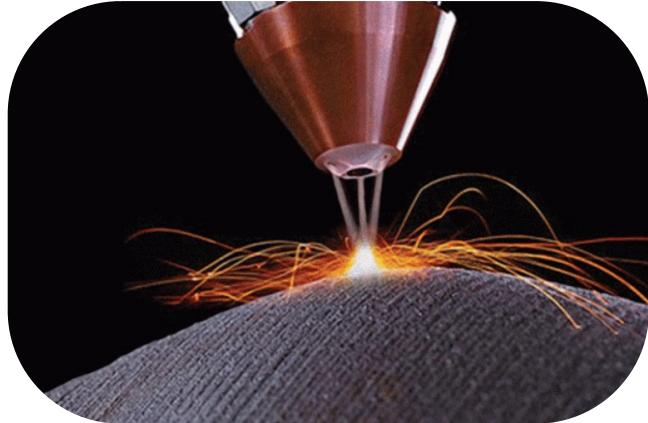


Composition and heat treatment space **30** dimensions

Requires **31** points to fit a hyperplane

Just **10** data entries available to model defect density

Ability for printing and welding are strongly correlated



Laser



Electricity

First predict weldability



Use 1000 weldability entries to understand complex composition → weldability model

Use weldability to predict defects formed



Use 1000 weldability entries to understand complex composition → weldability model

10 defects entries capture the simple weldability → defect relationship

Two interpolations aid composition → defects extrapolation

Use CALPHAD to predict strength



Use 100,000 CALPHAD results to model complex composition → phase behavior

500 strength entries capture the phase behavior → strength relationship

Two interpolations aid the composition → strength extrapolation

Target properties

Elemental cost	< 25 \$kg ⁻¹
Density	< 8500 kgm ⁻³
γ' content	< 25 wt%
Oxidation resistance	< 0.3 mgcm ⁻²
Defects	< 0.15% defects
Phase stability	> 99.0 wt%
γ' solvus	> 1000°C
Thermal resistance	> 0.04 KΩ ⁻¹ m ⁻³
Yield stress at 900°C	> 200 MPa
Tensile strength at 900°C	> 300 MPa
Tensile elongation at 700°C	> 8%
1000hr stress rupture at 800°C	> 100 MPa
Fatigue life at 500 MPa, 700°C	> 10 ⁵ cycles

Composition and processing variables

Cr 19%



Co 4%



Mo 4.9%



W 1.2%



Zr 0.05%



Nb 3%



Al 2.9%



C 0.04%



B 0.01%



Ni



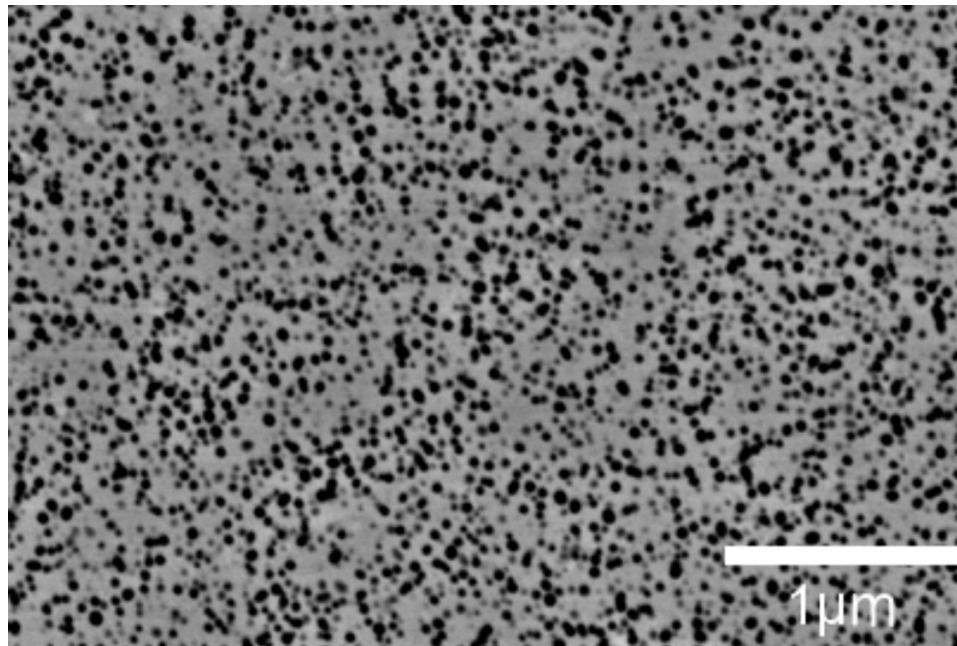
Expose 0.8



T_{HT} 1300°C



Microstructure

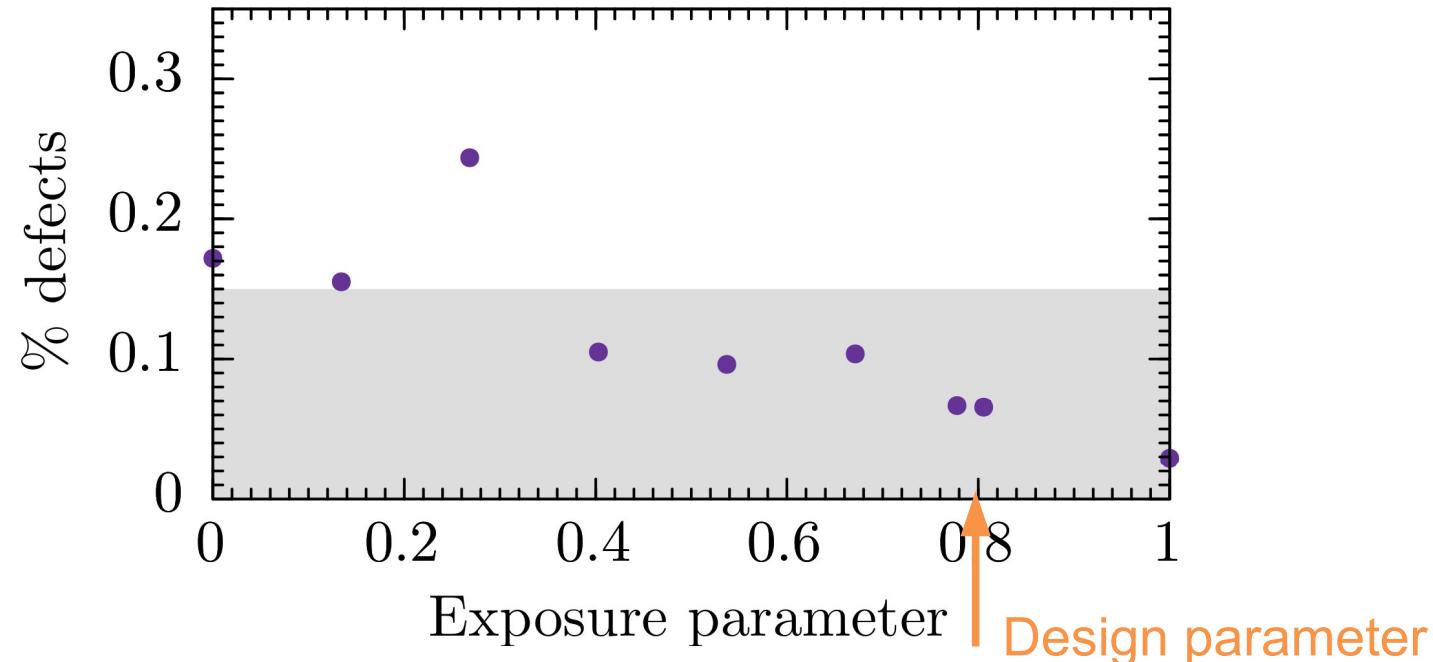


Probabilistic neural network identification of an alloy for direct laser deposition
B. Conduit, T. Illston, S. Baker, D. Vadegadde Duggappa, S. Harding, H. Stone & GJC
Materials & Design **168**, 107644 (2019)

Defects target

Elemental cost	< 25 \$kg ⁻¹
Density	< 8500 kgm ⁻³
γ' content	< 25 wt%
Oxidation resistance	< 0.3 mgcm ⁻²
Defects	< 0.15% defects
Phase stability	> 99.0 wt%
γ' solvus	> 1000 °C
Thermal resistance	> 0.04 KΩ ⁻¹ m ⁻³
Yield stress at 900 °C	> 200 MPa
Tensile strength at 900 °C	> 300 MPa
Tensile elongation at 700 °C	> 8%
1000hr stress rupture at 800 °C	> 100 MPa
Fatigue life at 500 MPa, 700 °C	> 10 ⁵ cycles

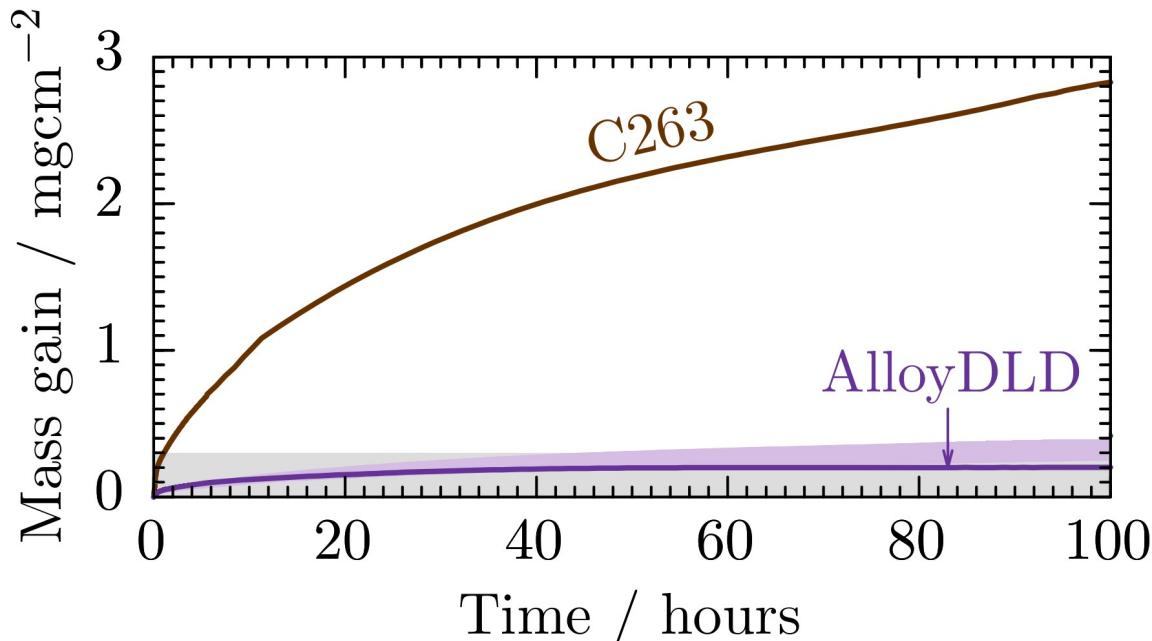
Testing the defect density

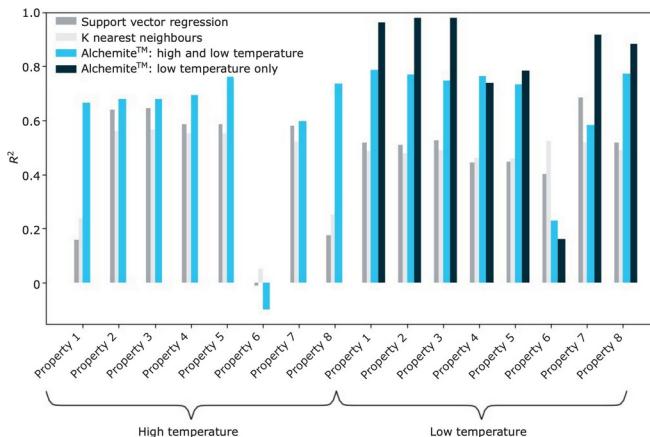


Target properties

Elemental cost	< 25 \$kg ⁻¹
Density	< 8500 kgm ⁻³
γ' content	< 25 wt%
Oxidation resistance	< 0.3 mgcm ⁻²
Defects	< 0.15% defects
Phase stability	> 99.0 wt%
γ' solvus	> 1000°C
Thermal resistance	> 0.04 KΩ ⁻¹ m ⁻³
Yield stress at 900°C	> 200 MPa
Tensile strength at 900°C	> 300 MPa
Tensile elongation at 700°C	> 8%
1000hr stress rupture at 800°C	> 100 MPa
Fatigue life at 500 MPa, 700°C	> 10 ⁵ cycles

Testing the oxidation resistance

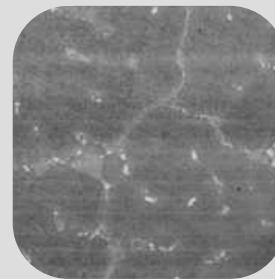
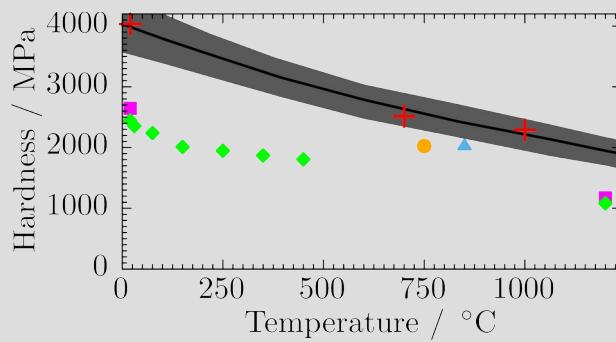




Johnson Matthey Technology Review
66, 130 (2022)



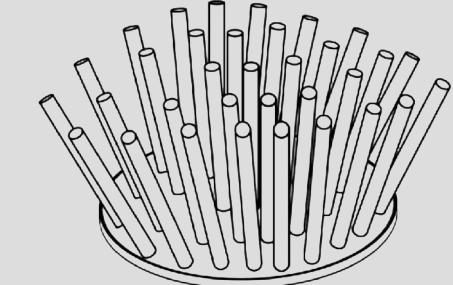
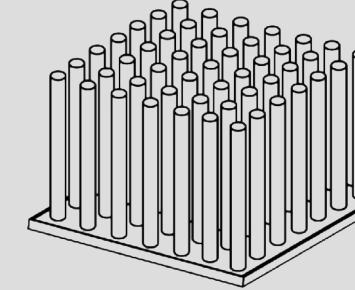
NASA Technical Memorandum
20220008637



Materials & Design 131, 358 (2017)
Scripta Materialia 146, 82 (2018)
Data Centric Engineering 3, e30 (2022)

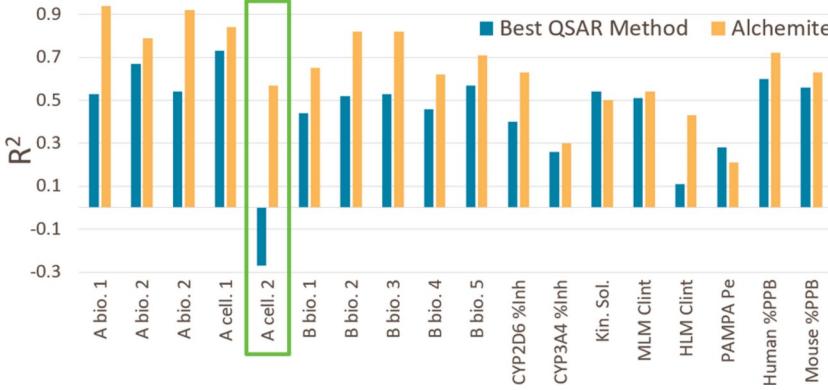


Computational Materials
Science 147, 176 (2018)

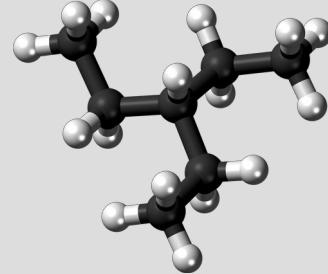


Alloy	Source	ANN	Δ_σ	Actual
Steel AISI 301L	193	269	5	238[23]
Steel AISI 301	193	267	5	221[23]
Al1080 H18	51	124	5	120[23]
Al5083 wrought	117	191	14	300,190[4, 23]
Al5086 wrought	110	172	11	269,131[4, 23]
Al5454 wrought	102	149	14	124[23]
Al5456 wrought	130	201	11	165[23]
INCONEL600	223	278	10	≥ 550 [23]





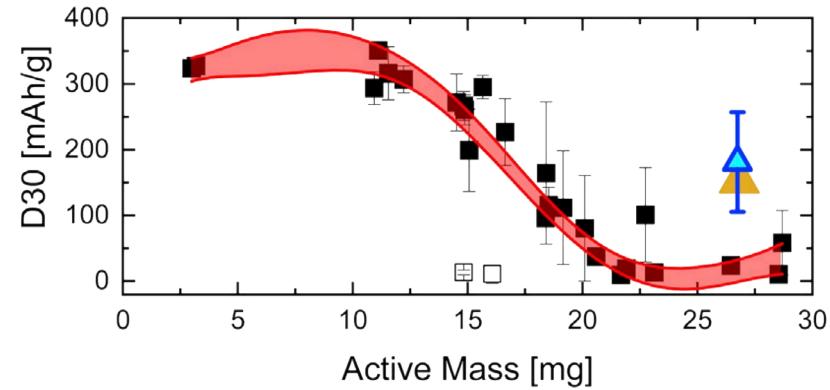
J. of Chem. Info. & Model. **60**, 2848 (2020)
 Applied AI Letters **2**, e31 (2021)
 Molecular Pharmaceutics **19**, 1488 (2022)



Fluid Phase Equilibria **501**, 112259 (2019)
 Journal of Chemical Physics **153**, 014102 (2020)



Journal of Computer-Aided
 Molecular Design **35**, 112501140 (2021)



Cell Reports
 Physical Science
2, 100683 (2021)



UNIVERSITY OF
 BIRMINGHAM

Ansys
 GRANTA

Summary

Merge computer simulations with experimental data and exploit **property-property** relationships to circumvent **missing data**

Designed and **experimentally verified** alloy for direct laser deposition

Generic approach applied to alloys, batteries, pharmaceuticals, and beyond

Taken to market through startup **Intellegens**