



Intellegens



Imputation of assay activity data using deep learning

Tom Whitehead, Peter Hunt, Matt Segall, Gareth Conduit

Neural network algorithm to

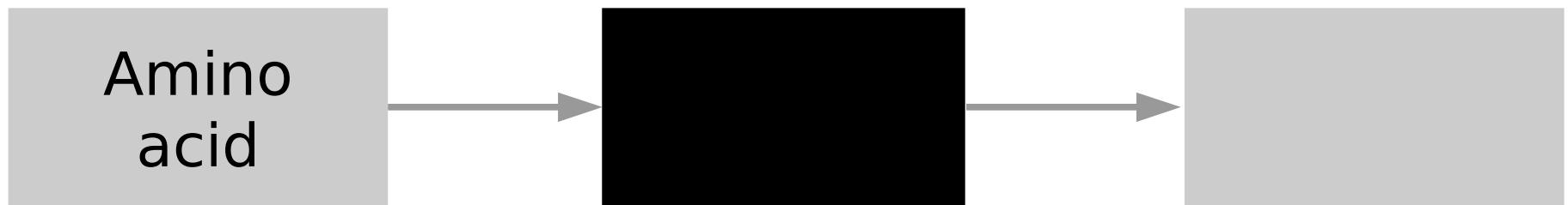
Utilise chemical descriptors, assay bioactivity, and simulations in **combination**

Impute assay bioactivity levels from sparse data

Reduce the need for experiments and **accelerate** drug discovery

Generic with **proven** applications in drug design and materials discovery

A black box



Train with complete data



Predict with complete data



Train with fragmented data

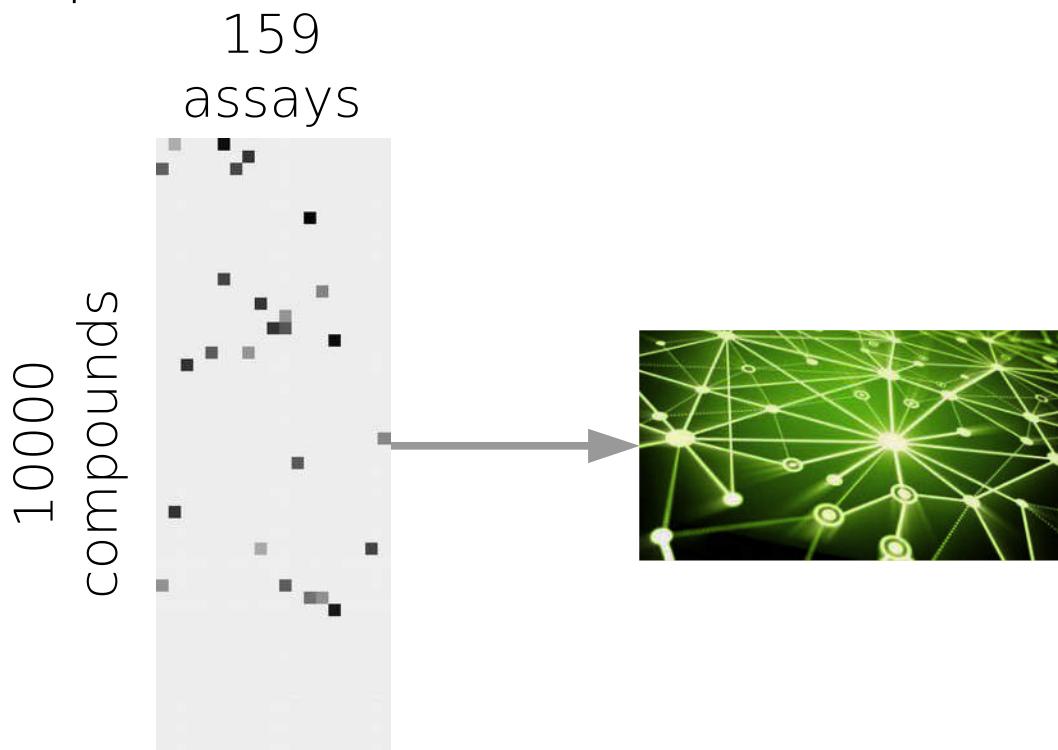


Predict with fragmented data



Novartis dataset to benchmark machine learning

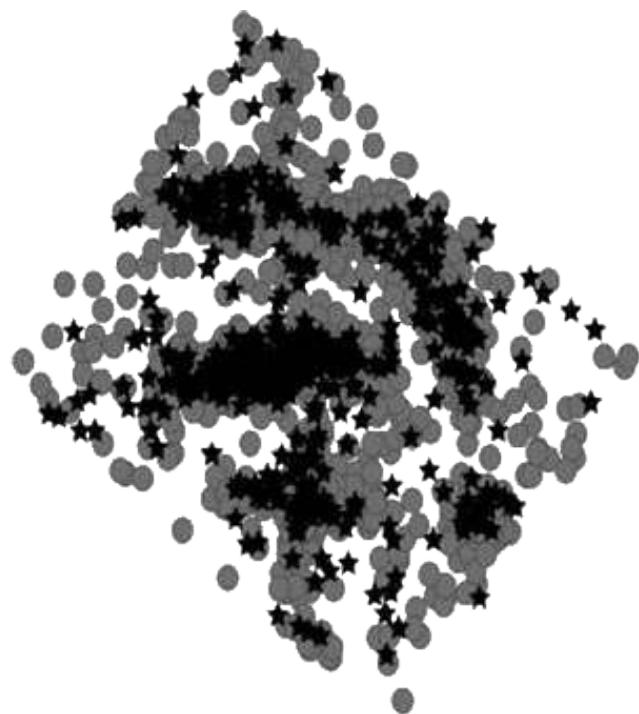
159 kinase assays for 10000 compounds, data 5% complete



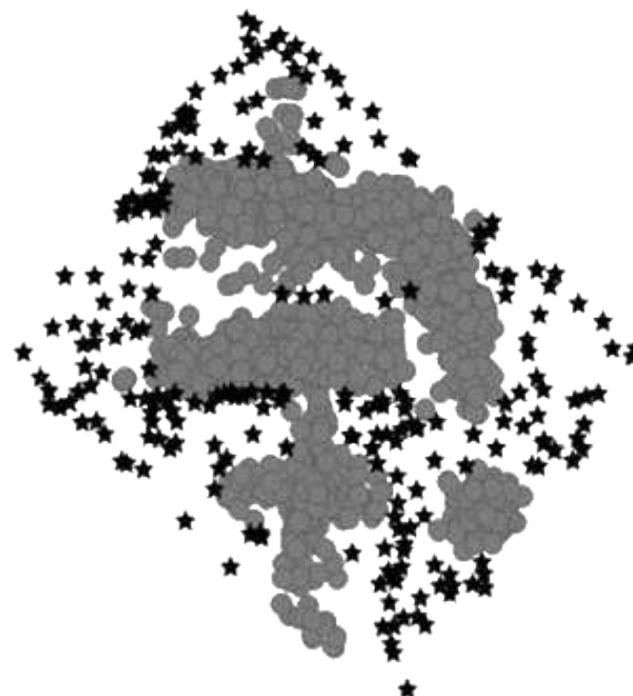
Data from ChEMBL
Martin, Polyakov, Tian, and Perez,
J. Chem. Inf. Model. 57, 2077 (2017)

Novartis dataset is realistically distributed

Random



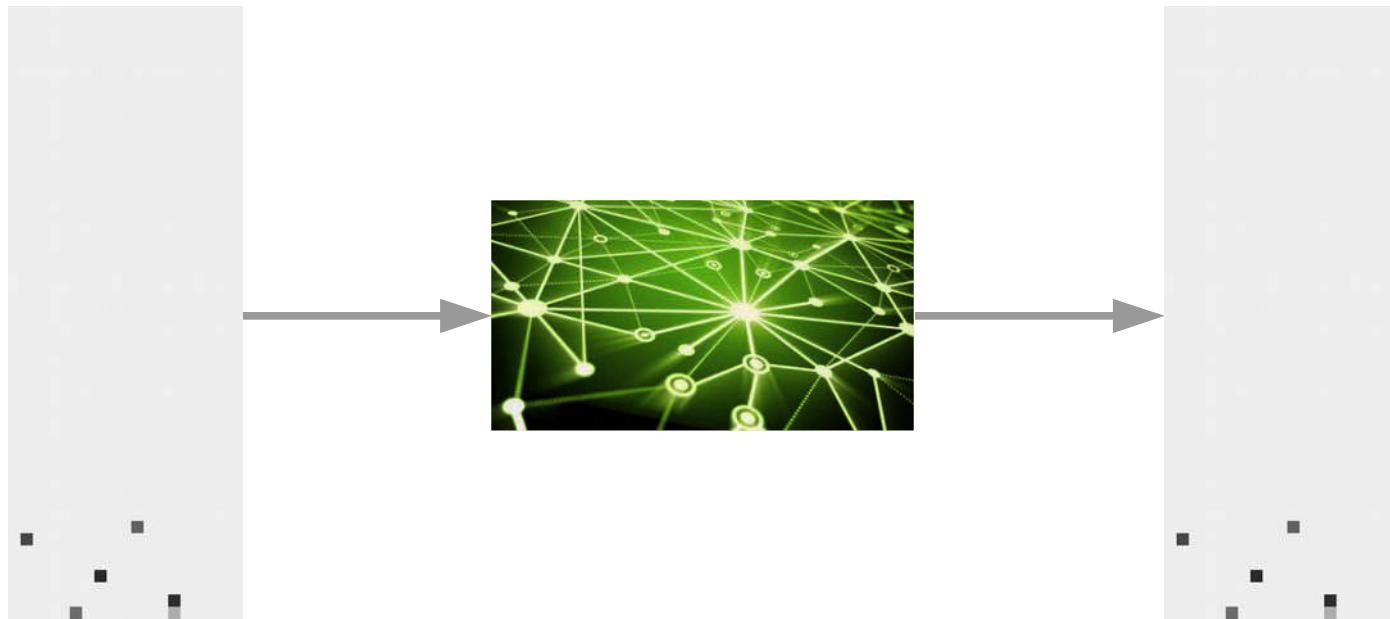
Realistic



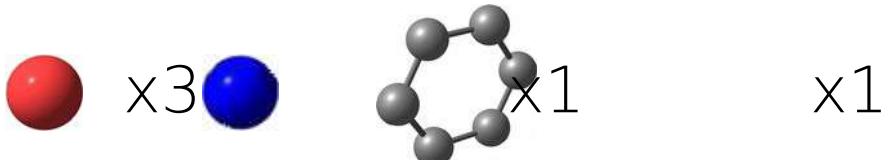
Data from ChEMBL
Martin, Polyakov, Tian, and Perez,
J. Chem. Inf. Model. 57, 2077 (2017)

Want to impute missing entries

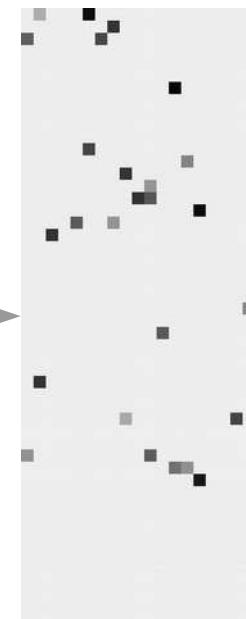
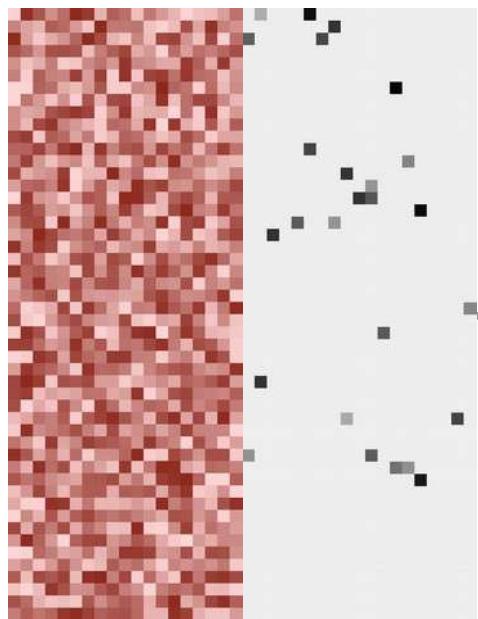
Validate using a realistically split holdout data set,
extrapolate to new chemical space



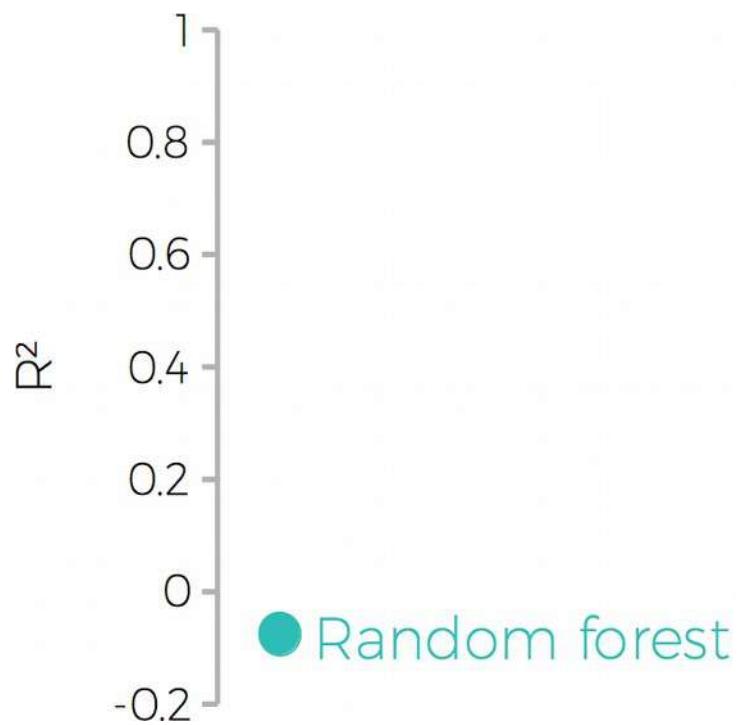
QSAR: quantitative structure-activity relationships



Molecular weight=183 Da

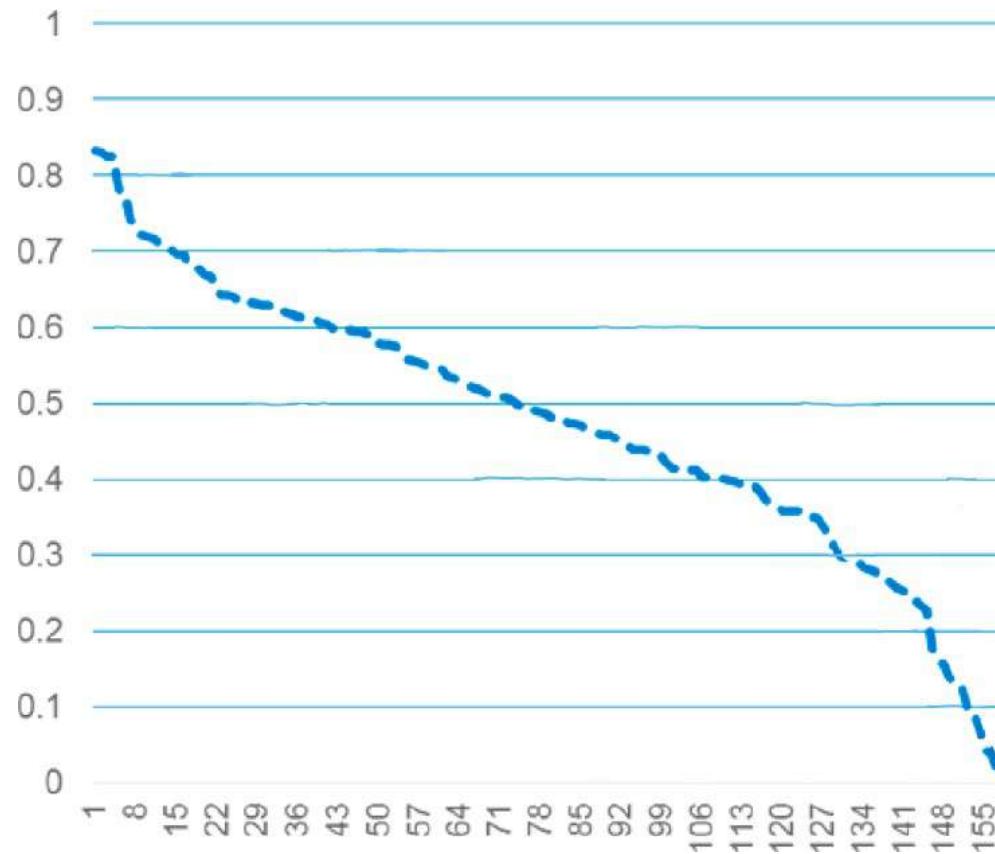


Random forest

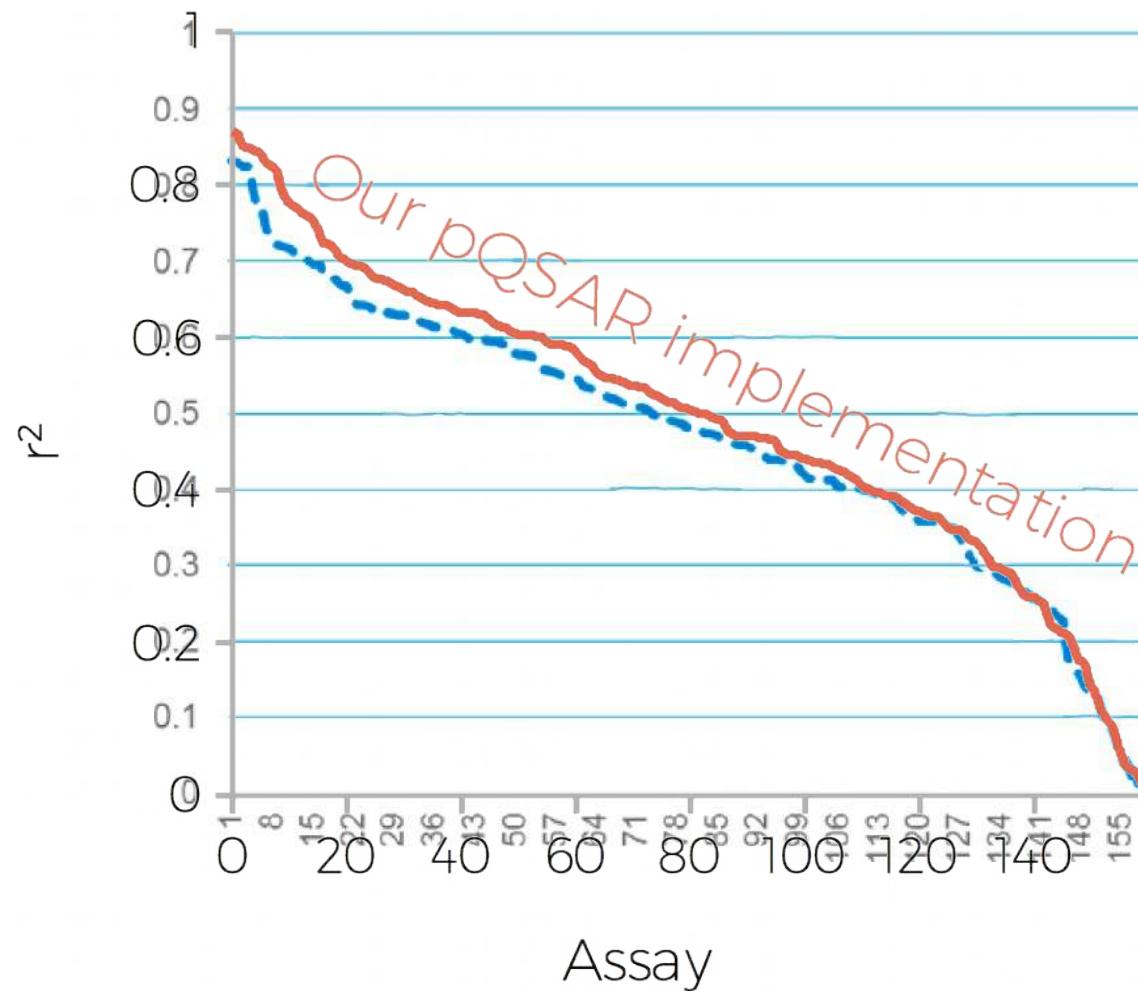


pQSAR: baseline results

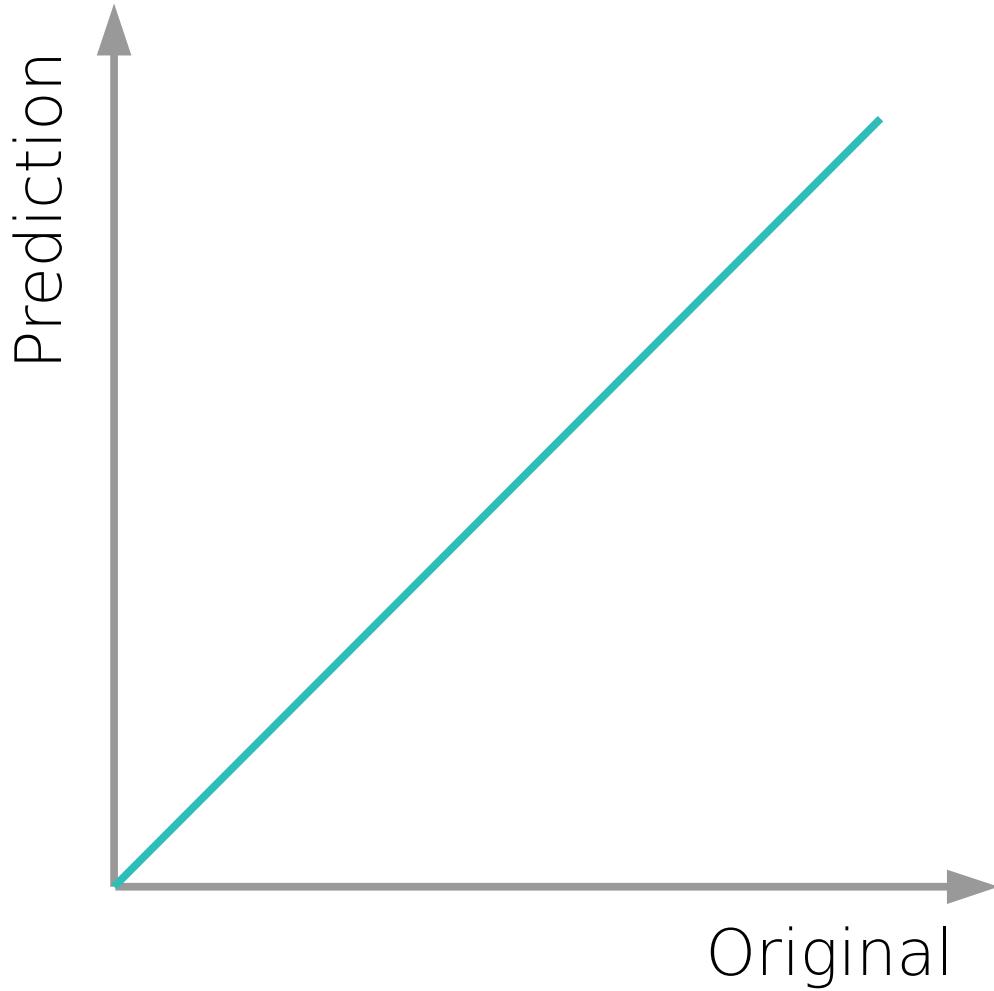
pQSAR takes random forest models to impute activities as input to a partial least squares model



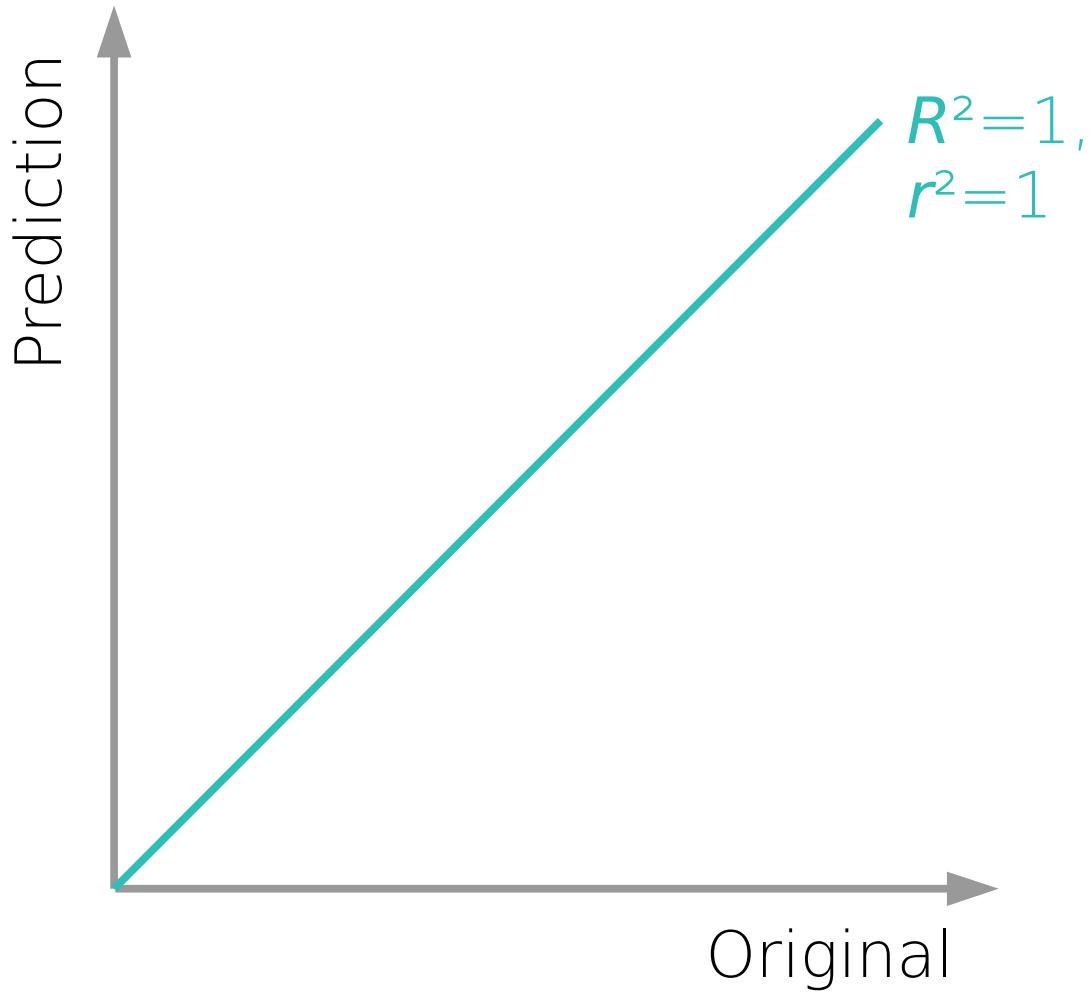
pQSAR: baseline results



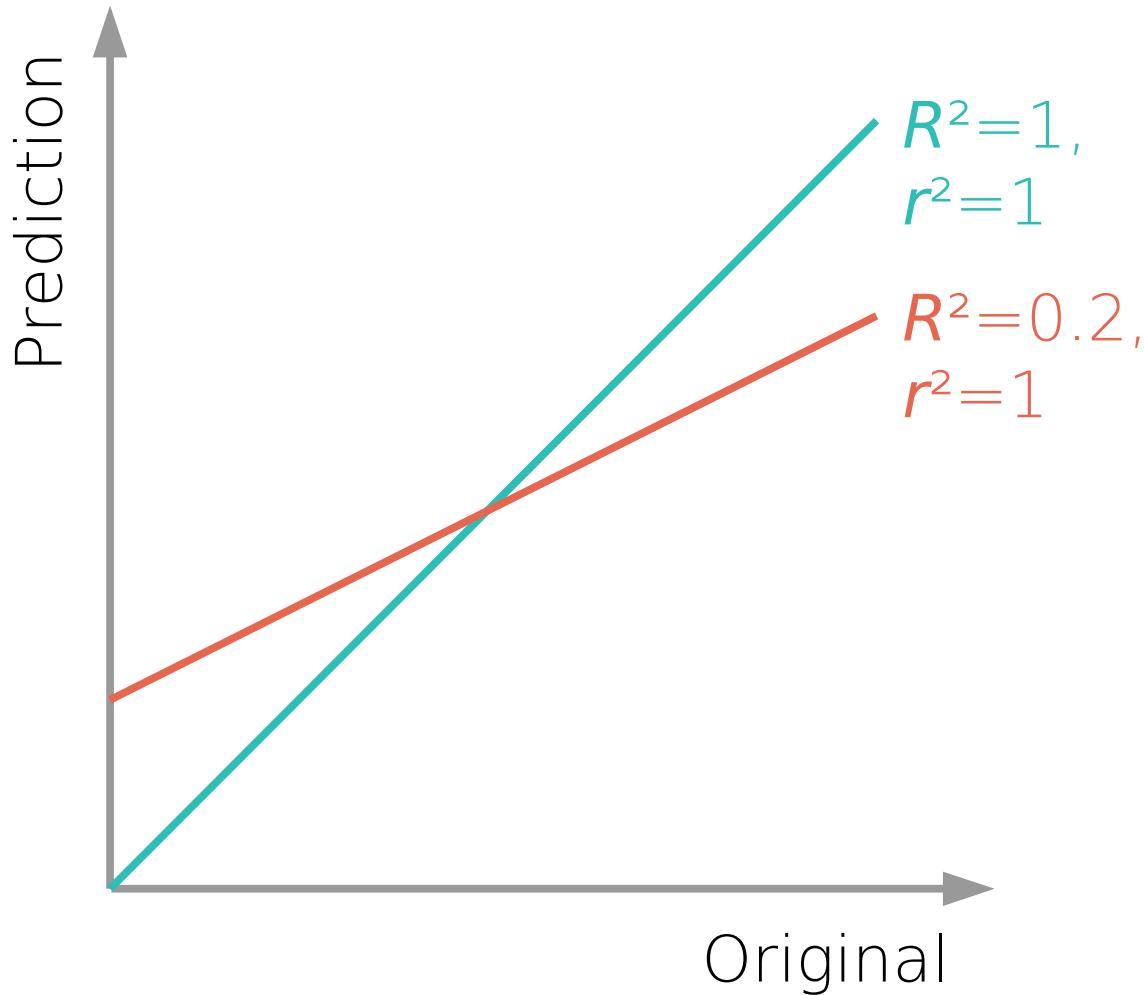
Benefits of the coefficient of determination, R^2



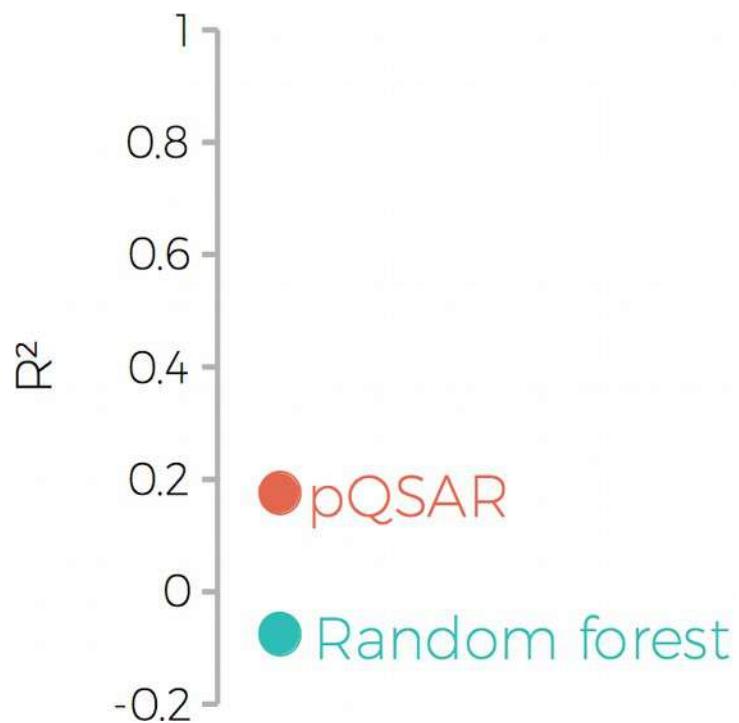
Benefits of the coefficient of determination, R^2



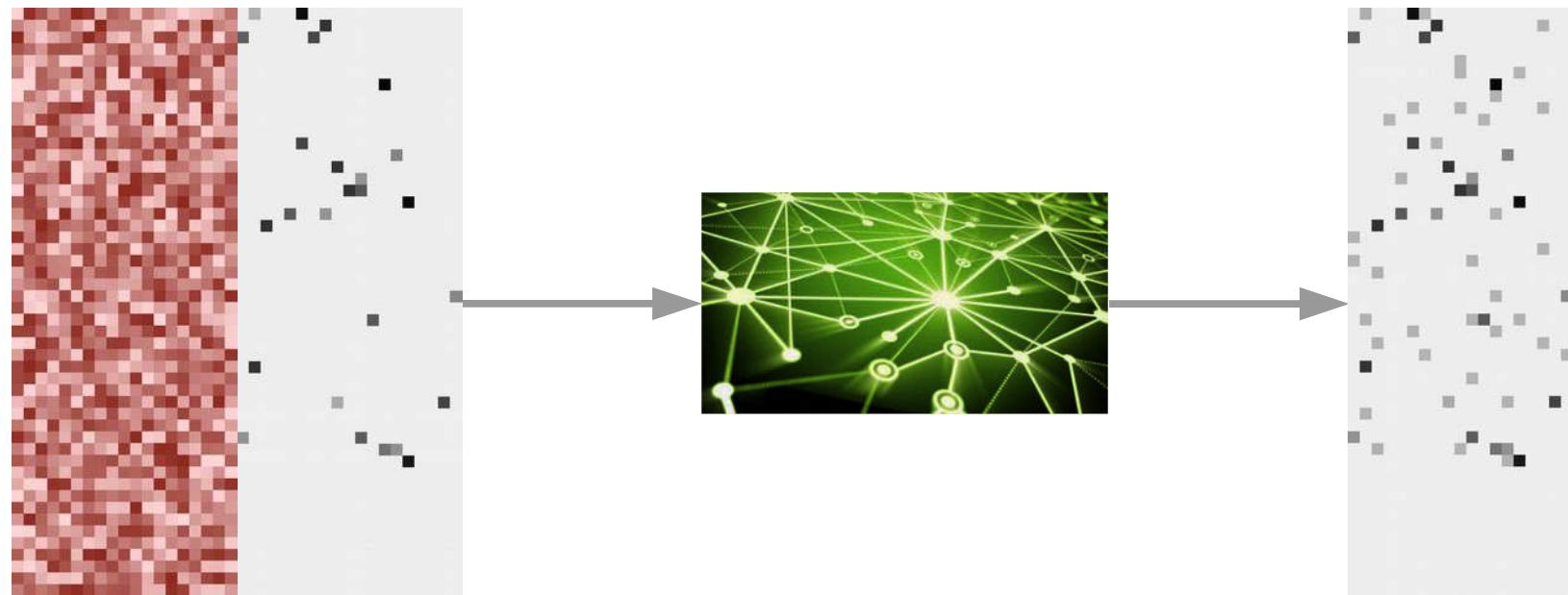
Benefits of the coefficient of determination, R^2



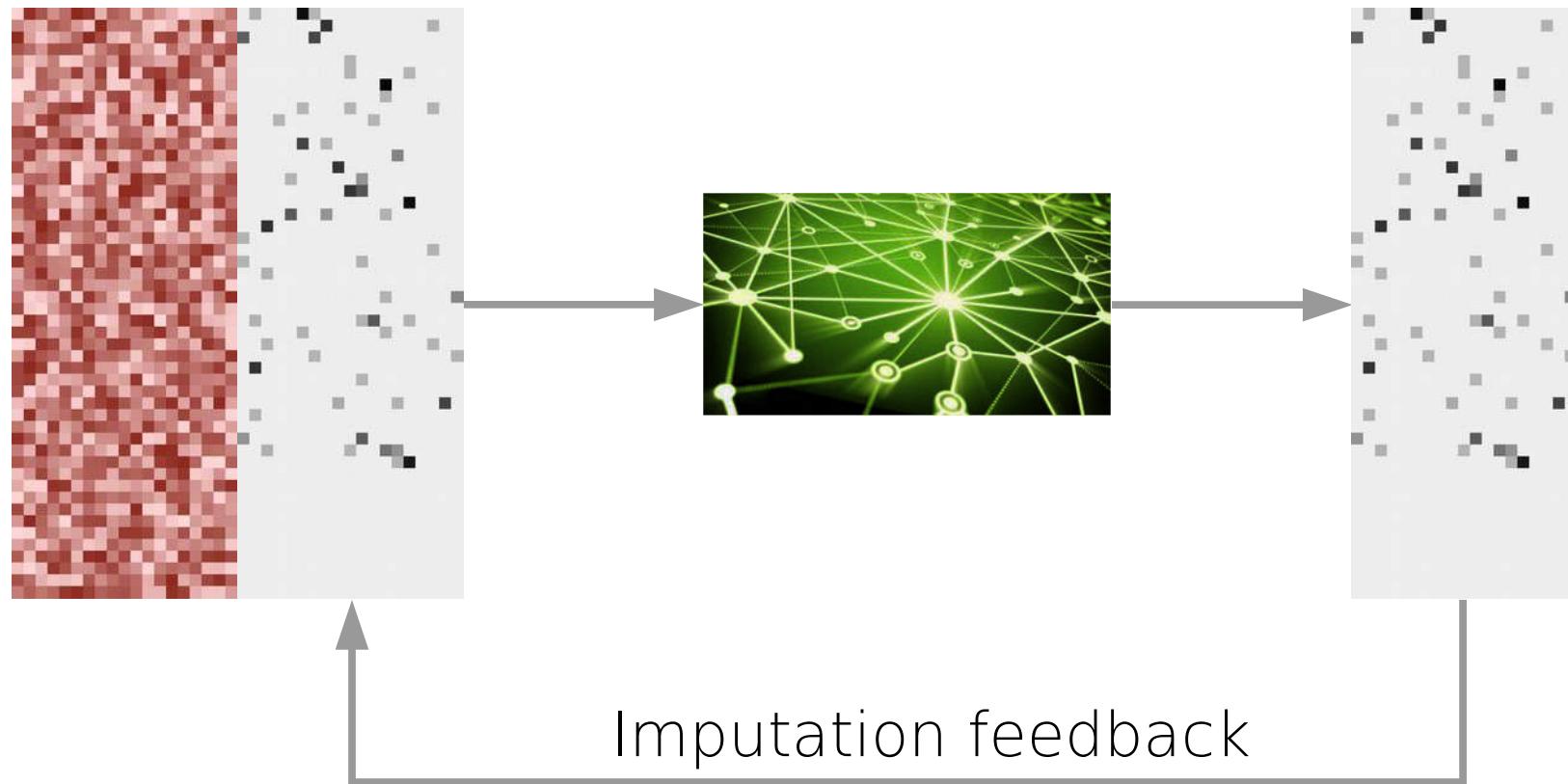
Predictions from pQSAR



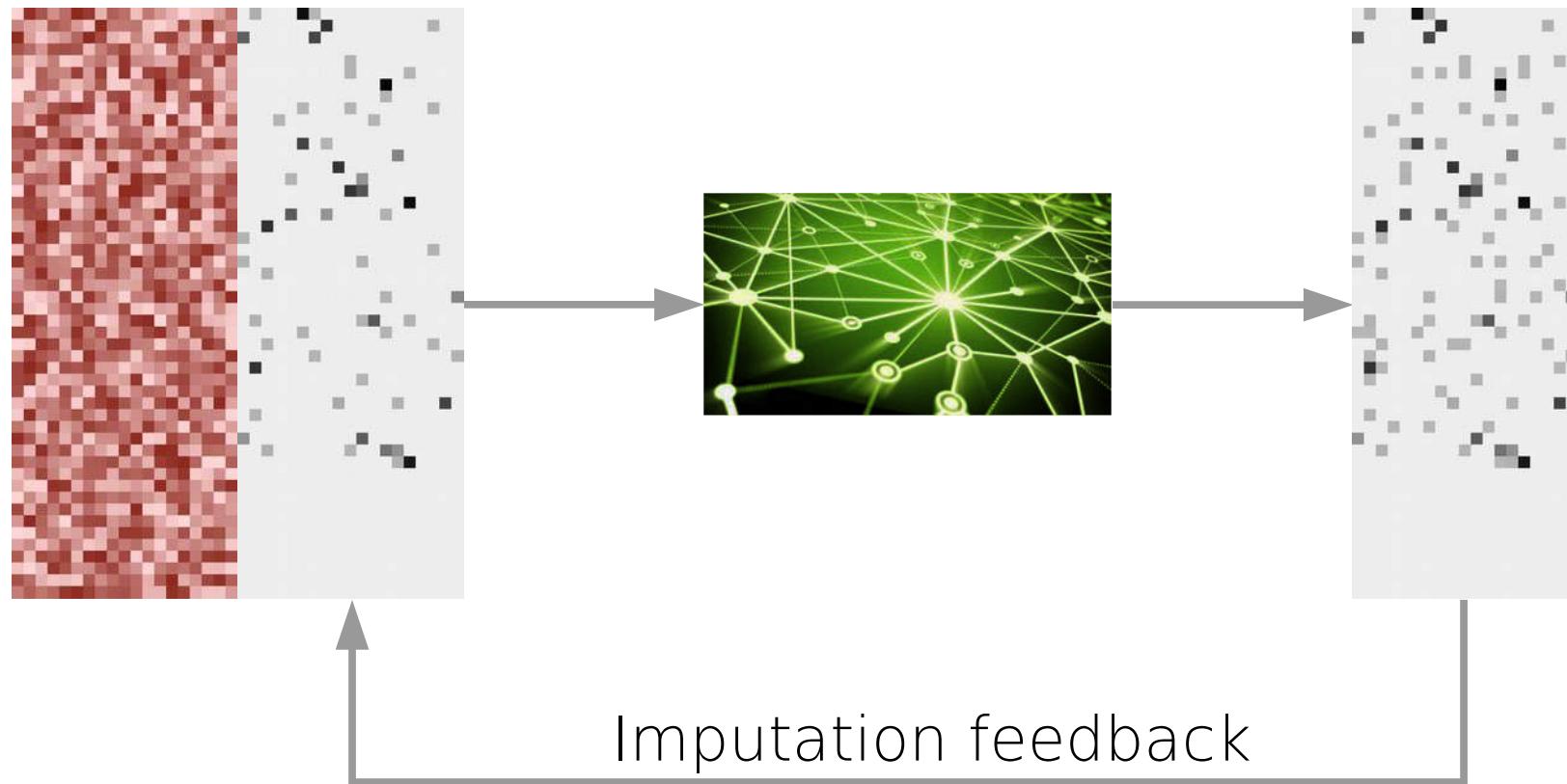
QSAR: neural network can impute new activities



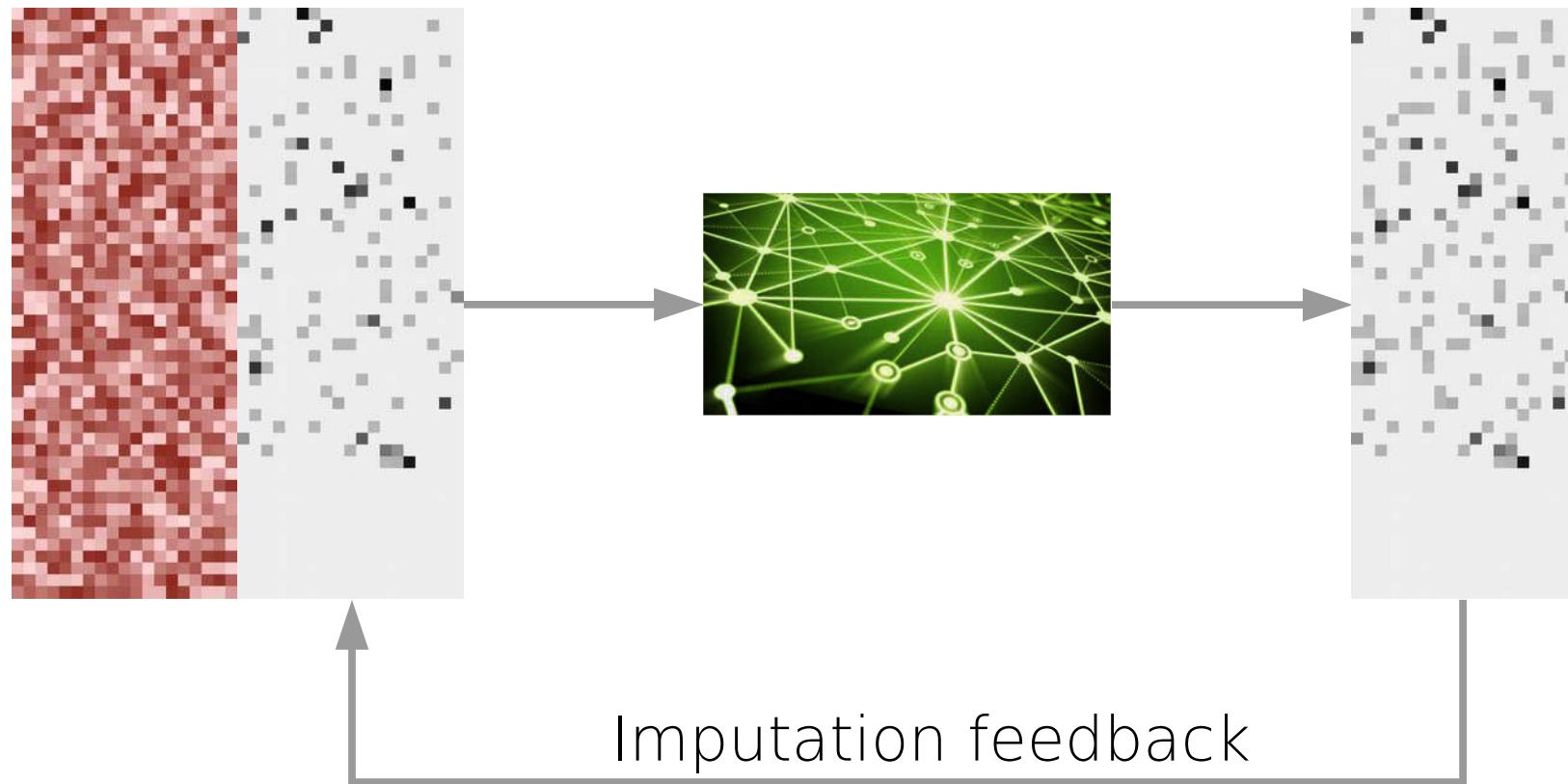
QSAR: neural network feedback loop



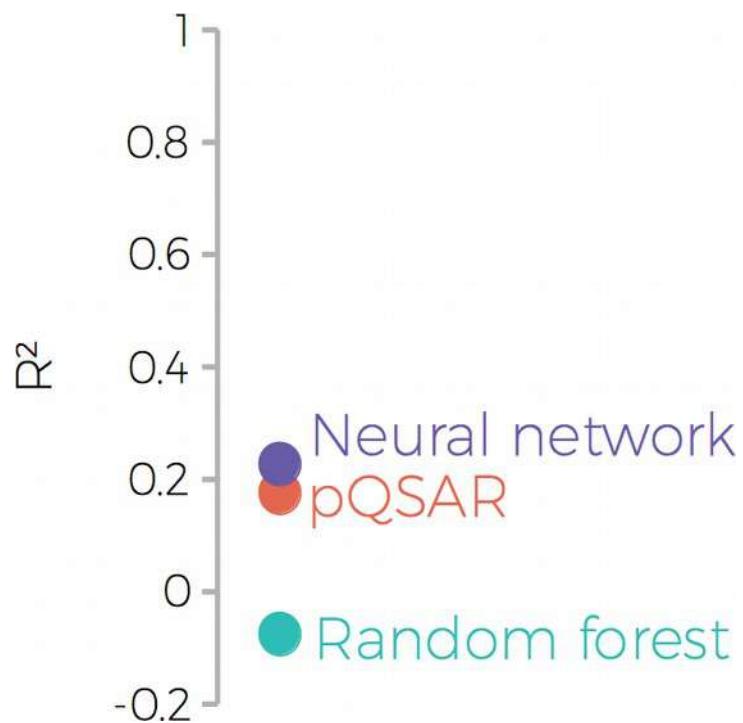
QSAR: neural network feedback loop



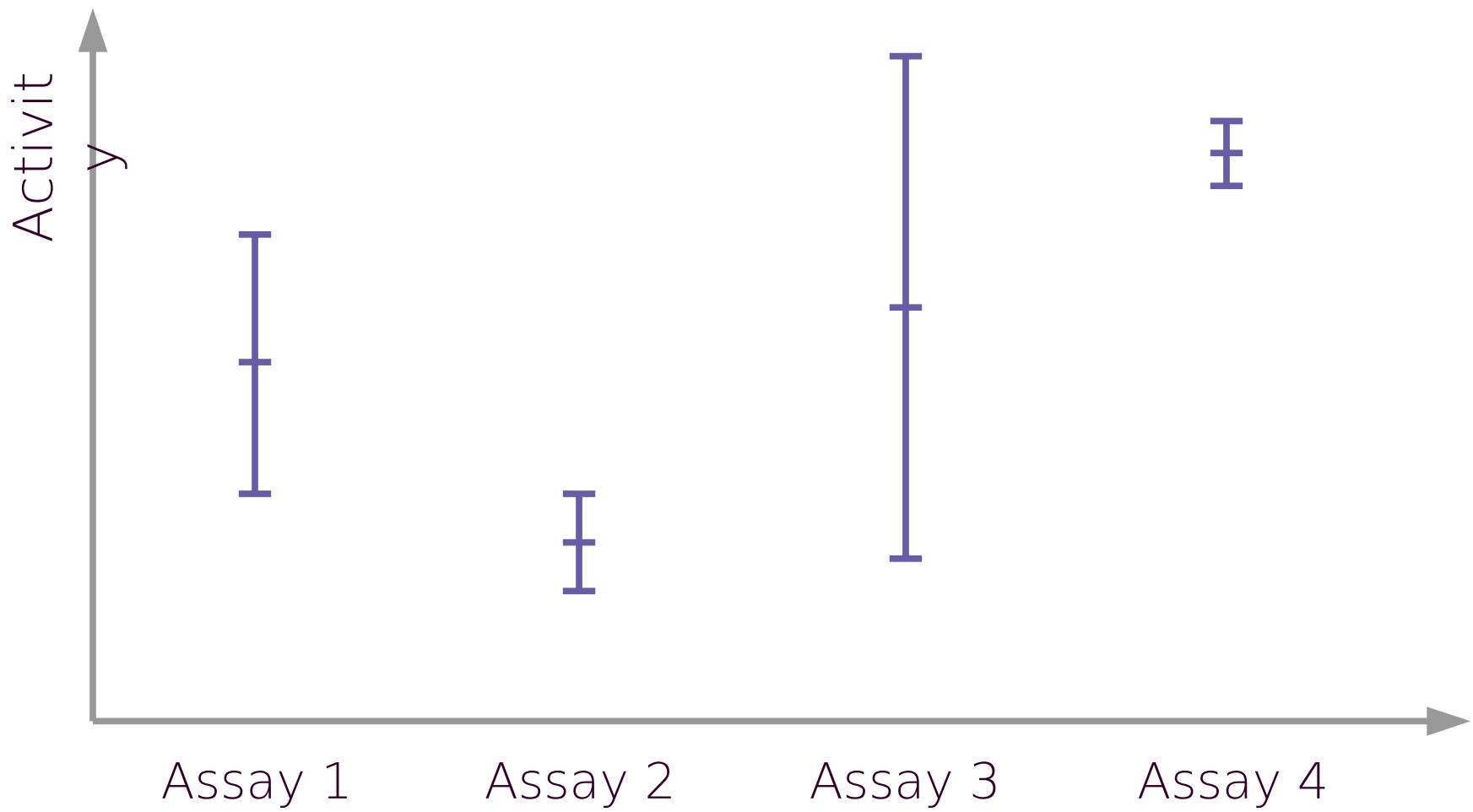
QSAR: neural network feedback loop



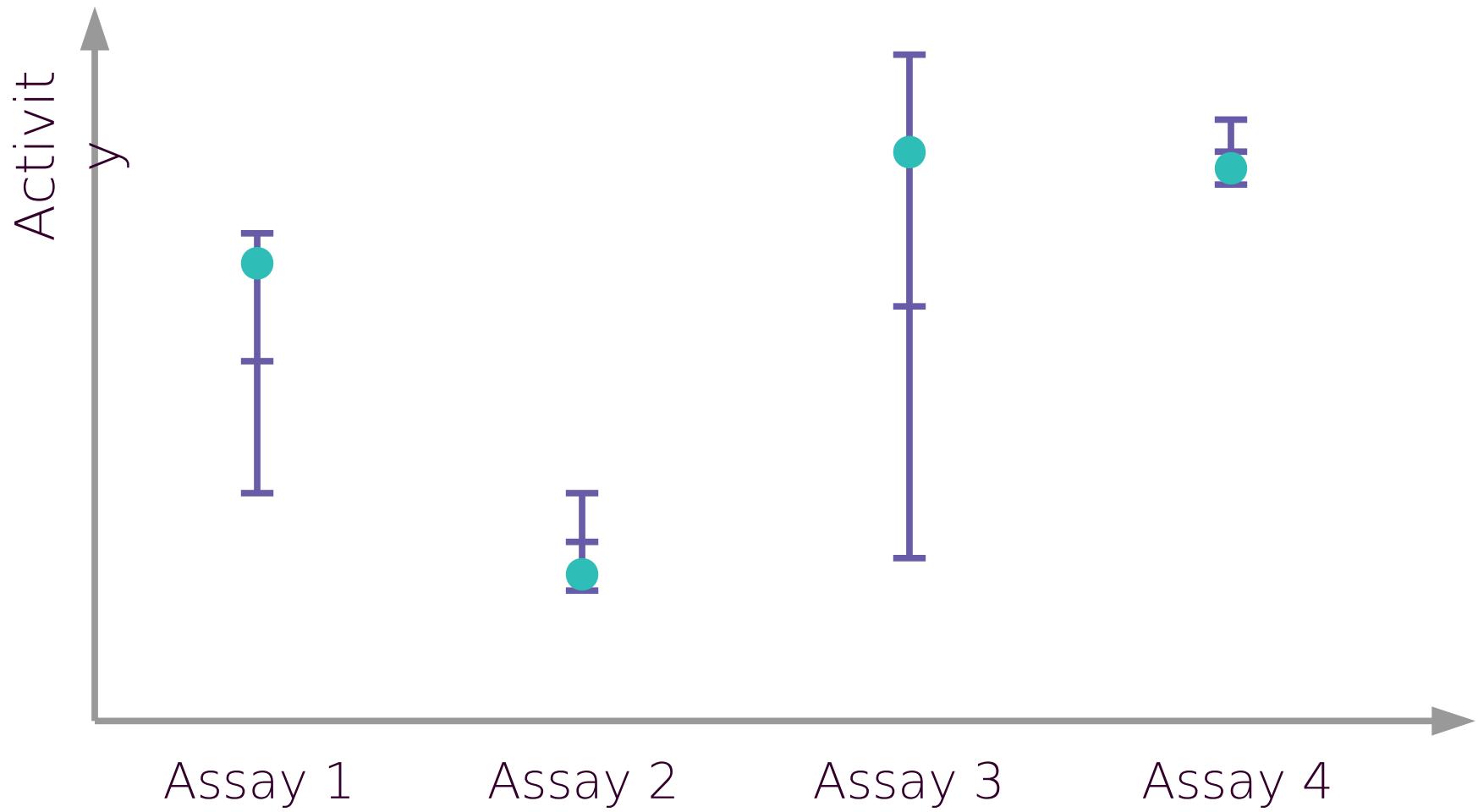
Predictions by the neural network



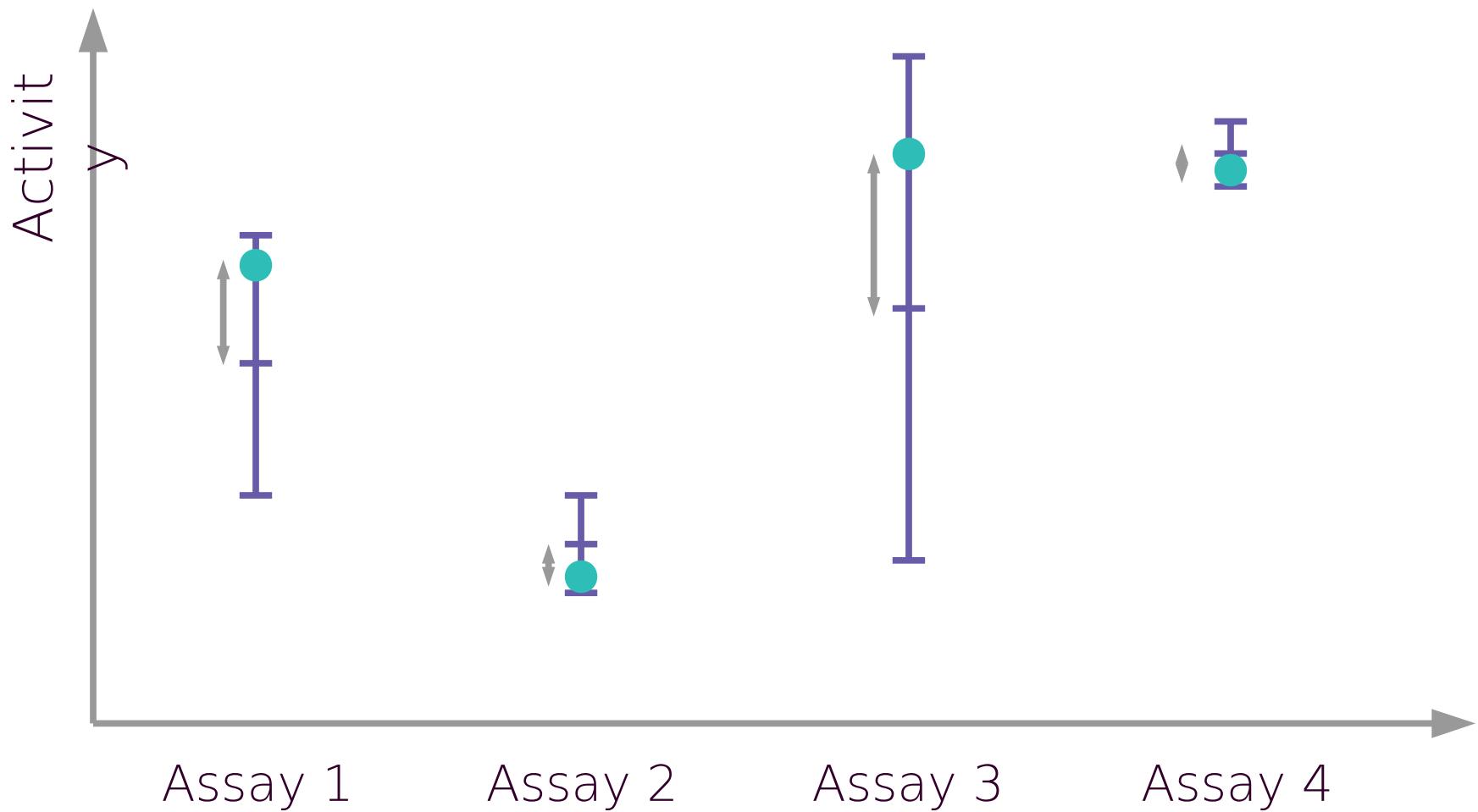
Predicted activities have an uncertainty



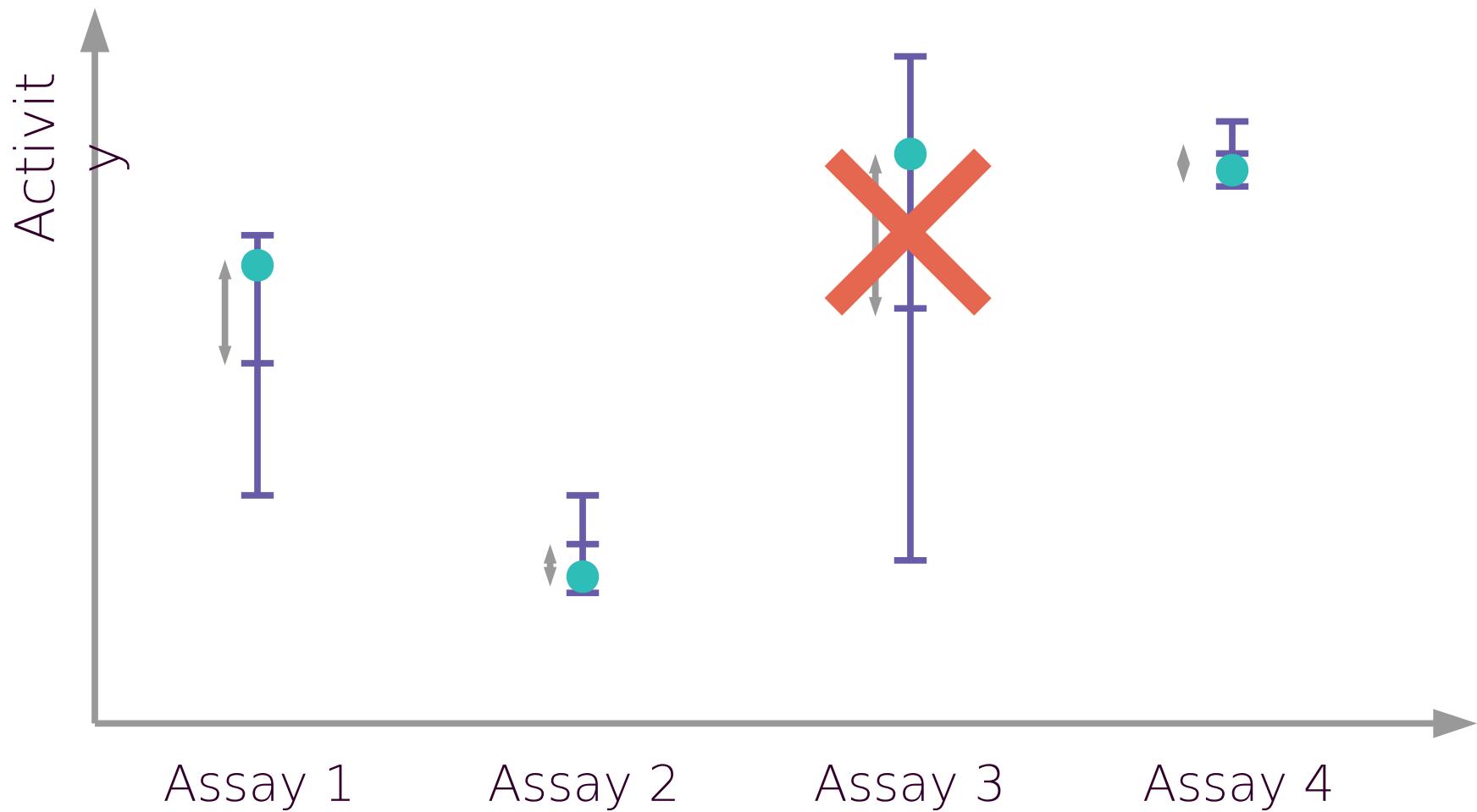
Validation data within one standard deviation



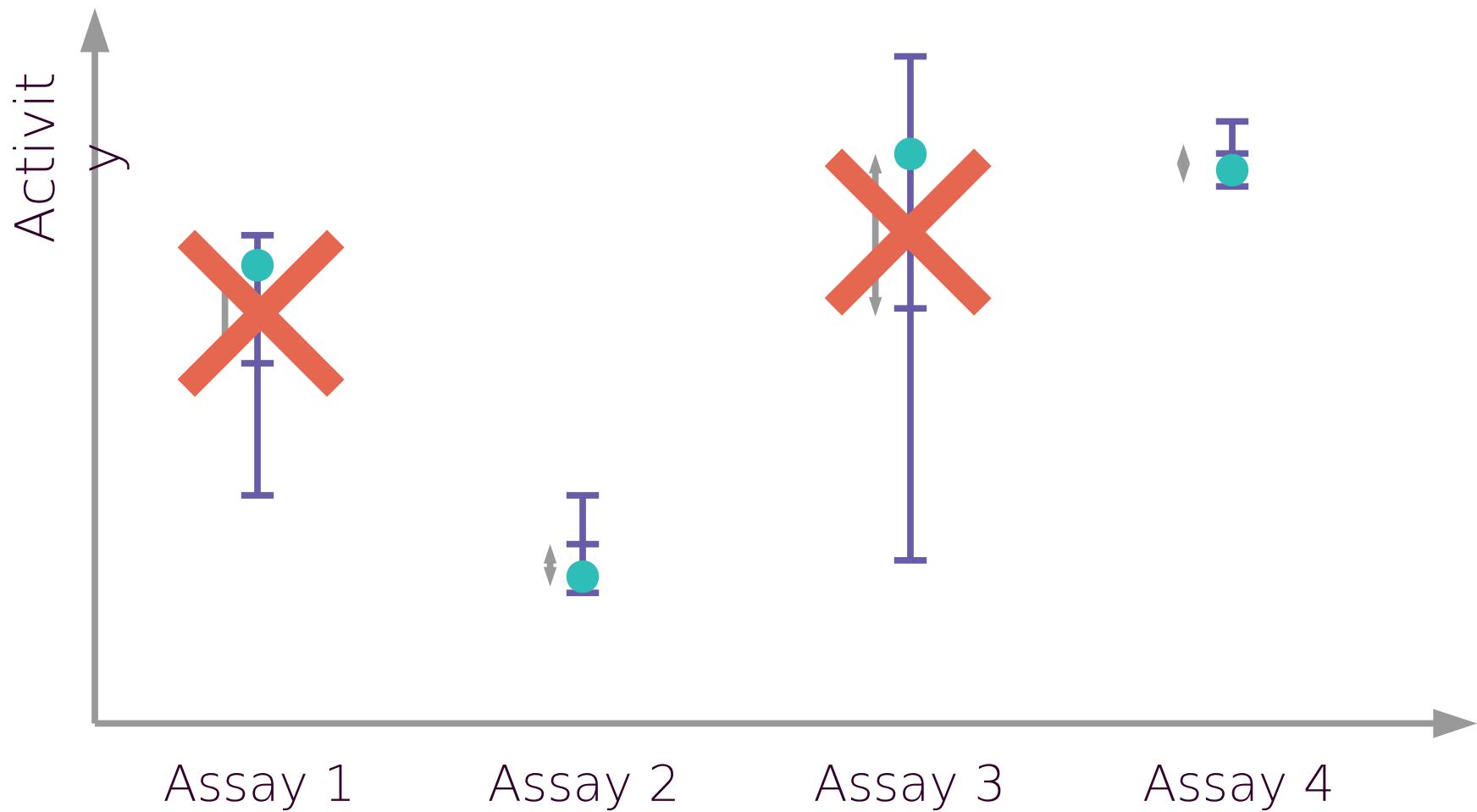
R^2 metric calculated with difference from mean



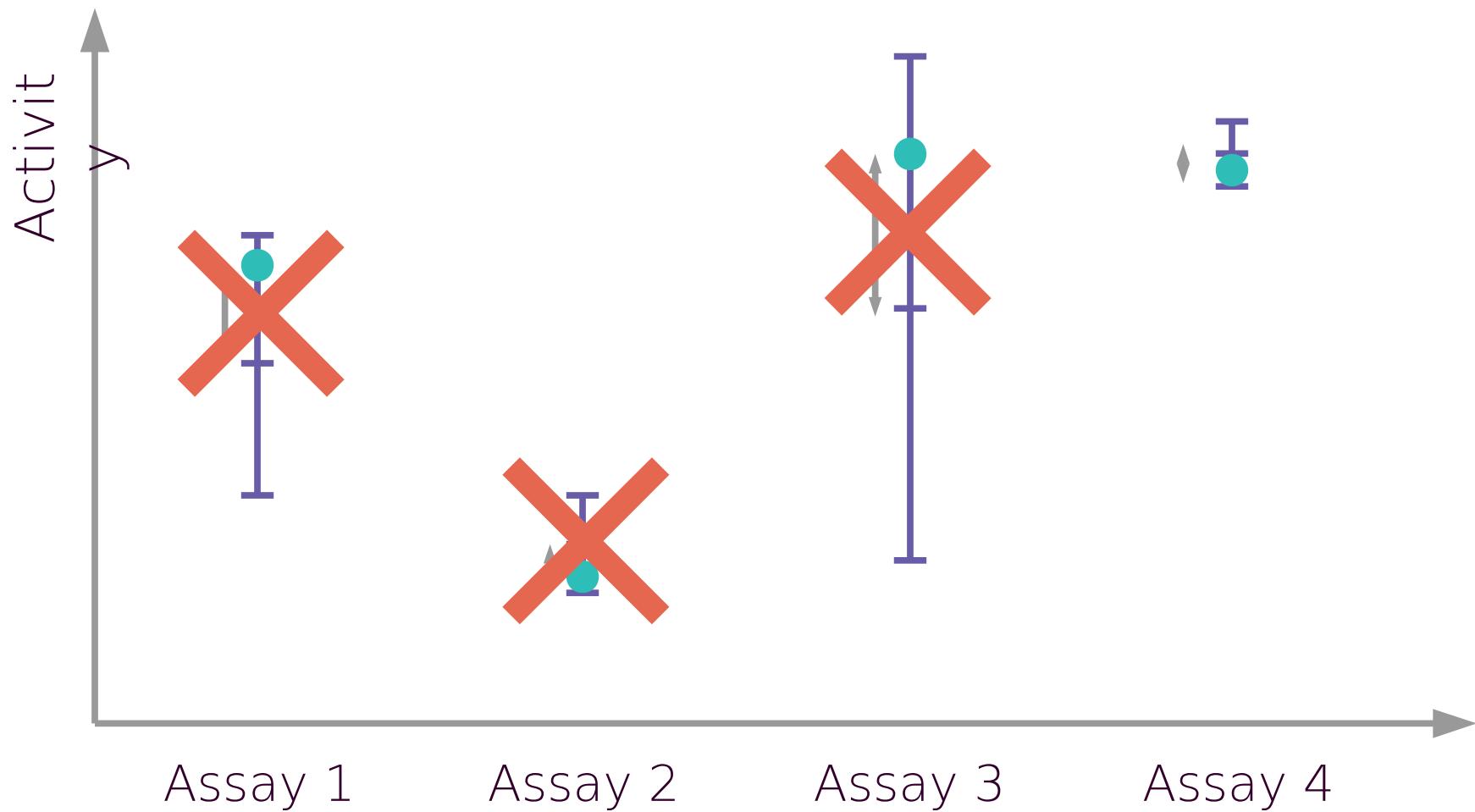
Impute 75% of data with smallest uncertainty



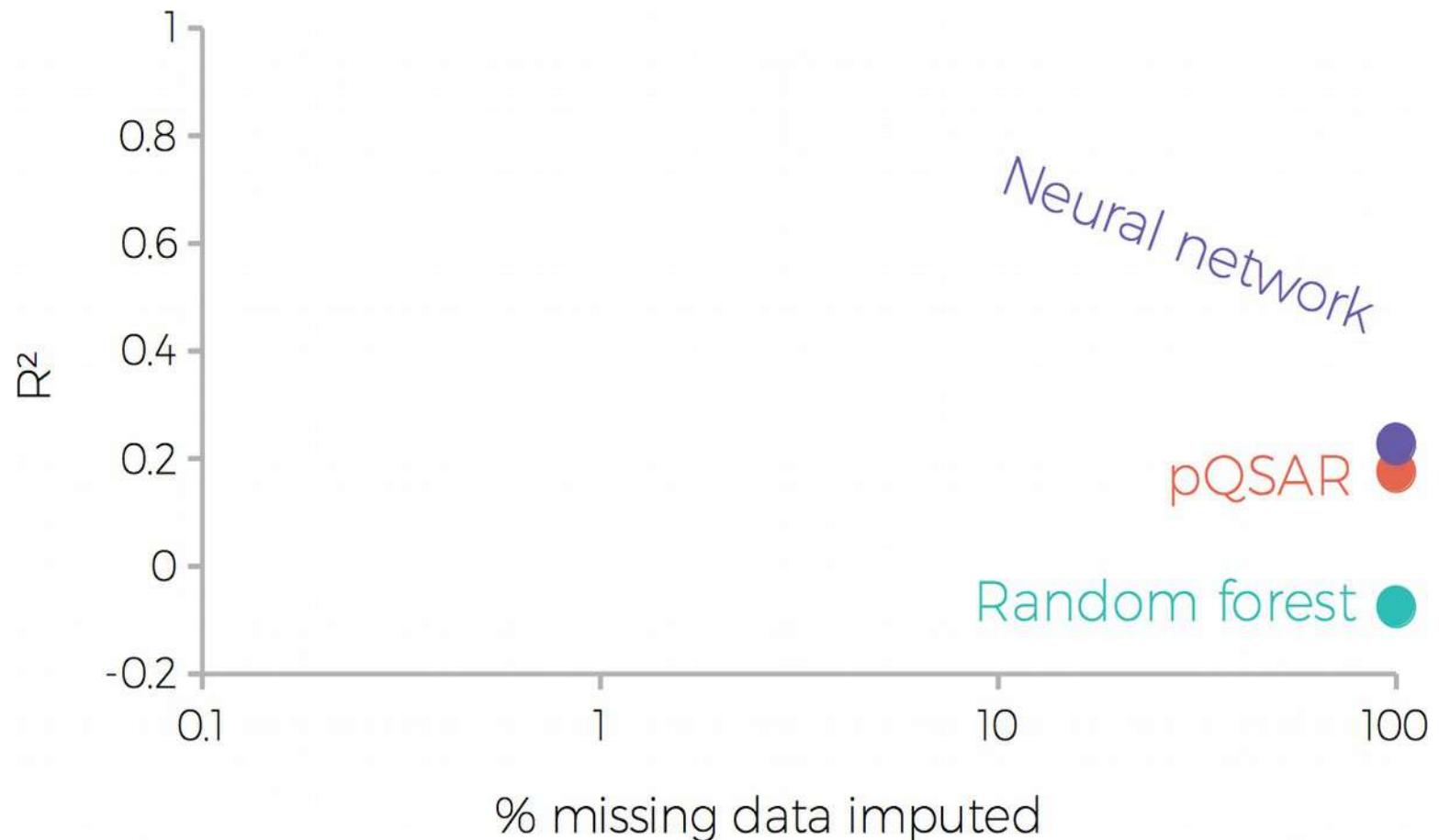
Impute 50% of data with smallest uncertainty



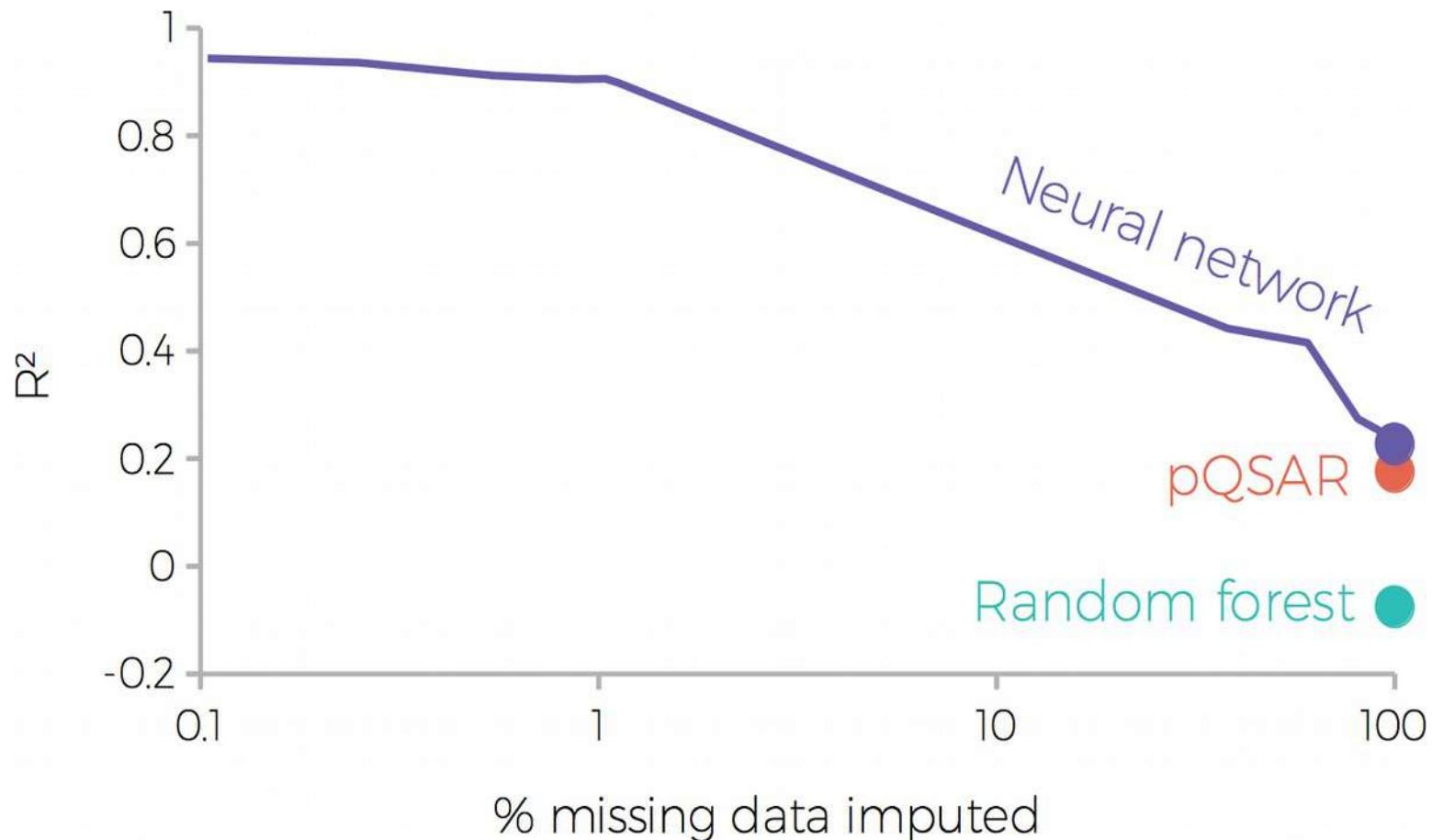
Impute 25% of data with smallest uncertainty



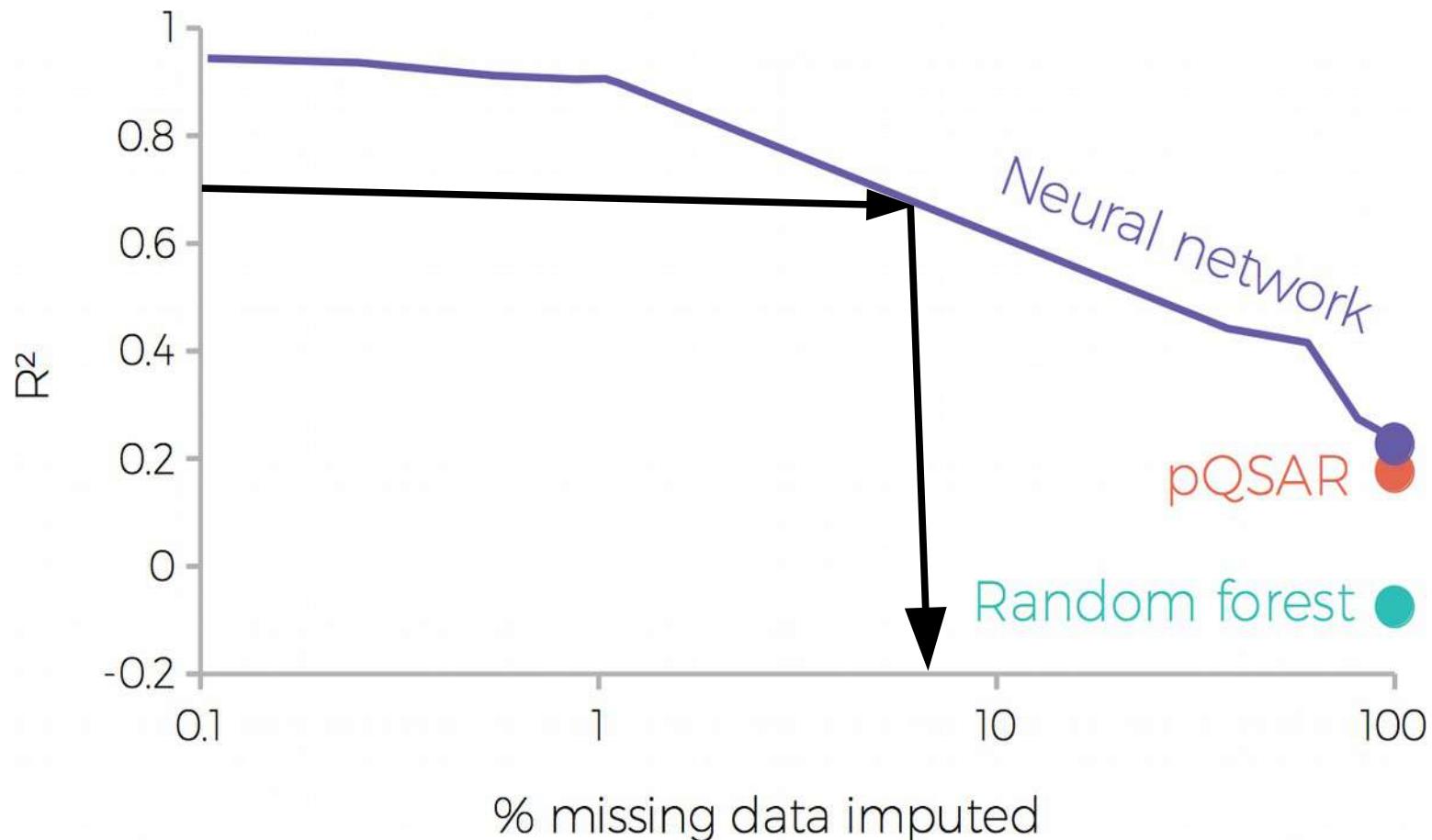
Improve performance by exploiting uncertainties



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Summary

Train across all endpoints simultaneously to pull out
activity-activity correlations

Impute values in sparse matrix to high accuracy,
enables identification of **new hits** and activity
profiling of compounds

Understand and exploit **uncertainties** to dial-in on
most confident results

Combine all sources of information into a **holistic**
imputation and design tool



Intellegens

gareth@intellegens.ai


optibrium
info@optibrium.com